GA-X79-UD5

User's Manual

Rev. 1002 12ME-X79UD5-1002R



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Documentation Classifications

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

- For quick set-up of the product, read the Quick Installation Guide included with the product.
- For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.

For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com

Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.

Example:

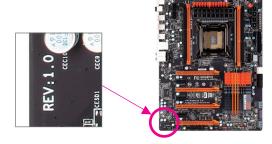


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Box Contents

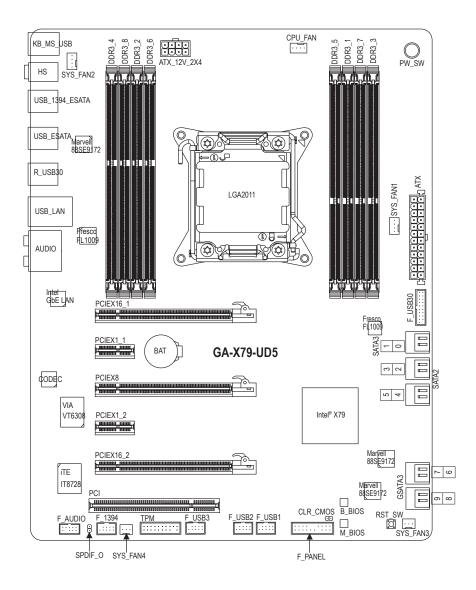
- GA-X79-UD5 motherboard
- Motherboard driver disk
- ✓ User's Manual
- Quick Installation Guide
- ✓ Four SATA cables
- ☑ I/O Shield
- ☑ One 2-Way SLI bridge connector
- ☑ One 3-Way SLI bridge connector
- ☑ One 2-Way CrossFireX bridge connector
- One GC-WIFI
- ☑ 3.5" Front Panel with 2 USB 3.0/2.0 ports

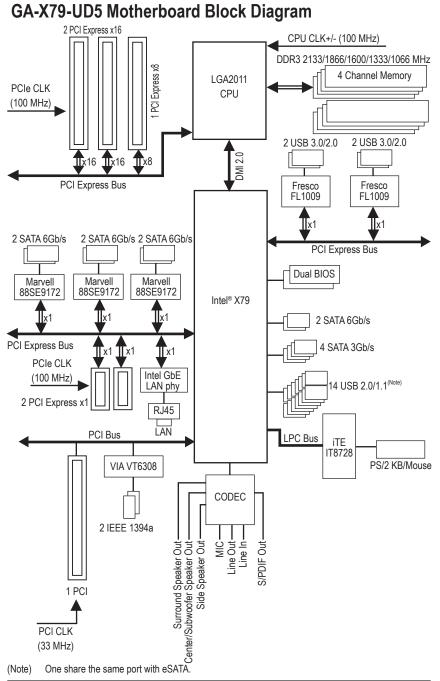
The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on the product package you obtain. The box contents are subject to change without notice.

Optional Items

- 2-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-5*R)
- □ 2-port SATA power cable (Part No. 12CF1-2SERPW-0*R)
- □ 2-port IEEE 1394a bracket (Part No. 12CF1-1IE008-0*R)

GA-X79-UD5 Motherboard Layout





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Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, make sure the chassis is suitable for the motherboard.
- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

CPU	Support for Intel [®] Core [™] i7 processors in the LGA2011 package
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
	L3 cache varies with CPU
Chipset	Intel® X79 Express Chipset
Memory	 8 x 1.5V DDR3 DIMM sockets supporting up to 64 GB of system memory Due to Windows 32-bit operating system limitation, when more than 4 GB of physical memory is installed, the actual memory size displayed will be less than 4 GB. 4 channel memory architecture Support for DDR3 2133/1866/1600/1333/1066 MHz memory modules
	Support for non-ECC memory modules
	Support for Extreme Memory Profile (XMP) memory modules
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory
	modules.)
Audio	Realtek ALC898 codec
	High Definition Audio
	2/4/5.1/7.1-channel
	Support for Dolby® Home Theater
	Support for S/PDIF Out
	• 1 x Intel GbE LAN phy (10/100/1000 Mbit)
Expansion Slots	 2 x PCI Express x16 slots, running at x16 (PCIEX16_1/PCIEX16_2) * For optimum performance, if only one PCI Express graphics card is to be installed, be sure to install it in the PCIEX16_1 slot; if you are installing two PCI Express graphics cards, it is recommended that you install them in the PCIEX16_1 and PCIEX16_2 slots.
	 1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x8 (PCIEX8)
	(All PCI Express x16 slots conform to PCI Express 3.0 standard.)
	2 x PCI Express x1 slots
	(All PCI Express x1 slots conform to PCI Express 2.0 standard.)
	1 x PCI slot
Multi-Graphics Technology	 Support for 3-Way/2-Way AMD CrossFireX^w/NVIDIA SLI technology The PCIEX16_1/PCIEX16_2 slots operate at up to x8 mode when 3-Way AMD CrossFireX^w/NVIDIA SLI is enabled.
Storage Interface	Chipset:
	- 2 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors (SATA3 0/SATA3 1) supporting up to 2 SATA
	6Gb/s devices
	- 4 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors (SATA2 2~SATA2 5) supporting up to 4 SATA
	3Gb/s devices
	- Support for RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10
	* When a RAID set is built across the SATA 6Gb/s and SATA 3Gb/s channels, the system performance of the RAID set may vary depending on the devices being connected.

1-2 Product Specifications

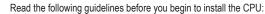
Storage Interface	 3 x Marvell 88SE9172 chips: 4 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors (GSATA3 6~GSATA3 9) supporting up to 4 SATA 6Gb/s devices 2 x eSATA 6Gb/s connectors (including 1 eSATA/USB Combo) on the back panel supporting up to 2 SATA 6Gb/s devices Support for SATA RAID 0 and RAID 1
USB	 Chipset: Up to 14 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (8 ports on the back panel, including 1 eSATA/USB Combo, 6 ports available through the internal USB headers) 2 x Fresco FL1009 chips: Up to 4 USB 3.0/2.0 ports (2 ports on the back panel, 2 ports available through the internal USB headers)
िं IEEE 1394	 VIA VT6308 chip: Up to 2 IEEE 1394a ports (1 port on the back panel, 1 port available through the internal IEEE 1394a header)
Internal Connectors	 1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector 1 x 8-pin ATX 12V power connector 6 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors 4 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors 1 x CPU fan header 4 x system fan headers 1 x fornt panel header 1 x front panel audio header 1 x fornt panel audio header 1 x S/PDIF Out header 3 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers 1 x IEEE 1394a header 1 x Clear CMOS jumper 1 x Tarated Diafarm Madule (TDM) header
Back Panel Connectors	 1 x Trusted Platform Module (TPM) header 1 x PS/2 keyboard/mouse port 1 x CPU overclocking button 1 x BIOS switch button 1 x Clear CMOS button 1 x IEEE 1394 port 7 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports 2 x USB 3.0/2.0 ports 1 x eSATA/USB Combo connector 1 x RJ-45 port 1 x optical S/PDIF Out connector 5 x audio jacks (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out, Rear Speaker Out, Side Speaker Out, Line In/Mic In, Line Out)

1

I/O Controller	• iTE IT8728 chip
Hardware	System voltage detection
Monitor	CPU/System temperature detection
WORKO	CPU/System fan speed detection
	CPU overheating warning
	CPU/System fan fail warning
	CPU/System fan speed control
	* Whether the CPU/system fan speed control function is supported will depend on
	the CPU/system cooler you install.
BIOS	2 x 64 Mbit flash
	Use of licensed AMI EFI BIOS
	Support for DualBIOS™
	 PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.0, SM BIOS 2.6, ACPI 2.0a
Unique Features	Support for @BIOS
	Support for Q-Flash
	Support for Xpress BIOS Rescue
	Support for Download Center
	Support for Xpress Install
	Support for Xpress Recovery2
	Support for EasyTune
	* Available functions in EasyTune may differ by motherboard model.
	 Support for Smart 6[™]
	Support for eXtreme Hard Drive (X.H.D)
	Support for ON/OFF Charge
	Support for Cloud OC
	Support for TouchBIOS
	Support for 3TB+ Unlock
	Support for Q-Share
Bundled Software	Norton Internet Security (OEM version)
Operating System	Support for Microsoft® Windows 7/Vista/XP
Form Factor	E-ATX Form Factor; 30.5cm x 26.4cm

* GIGABYTE reserves the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.

1-3 Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler

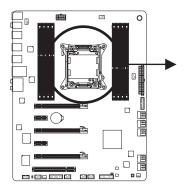


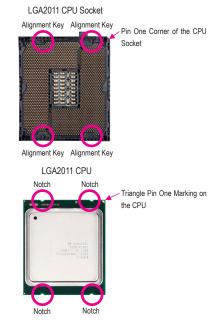
• Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.

- (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly. (Or you may locate the notches on both sides of the CPU and alignment keys on the CPU socket.)
- Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage
 of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended
 that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the
 standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard
 specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics
 card, memory, hard drive, etc.

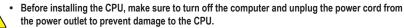
1-3-1 Installing the CPU

A. Locate the alignment keys on the motherboard CPU socket and the notches on the CPU.





B. Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU into the motherboard CPU socket.



 To protect the socket contacts, do not remove the protective plastic cover unless the CPU is inserted into the CPU socket. Save the cover properly and replace it if the CPU is removed.



Push the lever closest to the "unlock" marking "

the socket to release it.



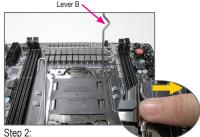
Step 3:

Gently press lever A to allow the load plate to rise. Open the load plate. (Note: DO NOT touch the socket contacts after the load plate is opened.)



Step 5:

Once the CPU is properly inserted, carefully replace the load plate. Then secure lever B under its retention tab. The protective plastic cover may pop off from the load plate during the process of engaging the lever. Remove the cover. Save the cover properly and always replace it when the CPU is not installed.



Push the lever closest to the "lock" marking " \triangle " (below referred as lever B) down and away from the socket. Then lift the lever.





Hold the CPU with your thumb and index fingers. Align the CPU pin one marking (triangle) with the pin one corner of the CPU socket (or align the CPU notches with the socket alignment keys) and carefully insert the CPU into the socket vertically.





Finally, secure lever A under its retention tab to complete the installation of the CPU.

Hardware Installation

1-3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler

Refer to the steps below to correctly install the CPU cooler on the motherboard. (Actual installation process may differ depending the CPU cooler to be used. Refer to the user's manual for your CPU cooler.)



Step 1: Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the installed CPU.



Place the cooler atop the CPU, aligning the four mounting screws with the mounting holes on the ILM. (If your cooler has a fan grill which may cause interference when you tighten the screws, remove it first and replace it after tightening the screws.)



Step 3:

Use one hand to hold the cooler and the other to tighten the screws in a diagonal sequence with a screw driver. Begin tightening a screw with a few turns and repeat with the screw diagonally opposite the one you just tightened. Then do the same to the other pair. Next, fully tighten the four screws.





Finally, attach the power connector of the CPU cooler to the CPU fan header (CPU_FAN) on the motherboard.



Use extreme care when removing the CPU cooler because the thermal grease/tape between the CPU cooler and CPU may adhere to the CPU. Inadequately removing the CPU cooler may damage the CPU.

1-4 Installing the Memory



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

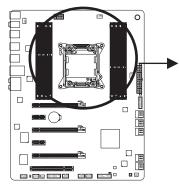


- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used. (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)
- · Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

1-4-1 4 Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides eight DDR3 memory sockets and supports 4 Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. The eight DDR3 memory sockets are divided into four channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

- Channel A: DDR3_1, DDR3_5
- Channel B: DDR3 2, DDR3 6
- Channel C: DDR3_3, DDR3_7
- Channel D: DDR3_4, DDR3_8





▶ 4 Channel Memory Configurations Table

4 Channel Memory Conligurations Table								
	DDR3_4	DDR3_8	DDR3_2	DDR3_6	DDR3_5	DDR3_1	DDR3_7	DDR3_3
4 Modules	DS/SS		DS/SS			DS/SS		DS/SS
8 Modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS
▶ Dual/3 Chann	el Memory	Configura	tions Table)				
	DDR3_4	DDR3_8	DDR3_2	DDR3_6	DDR3_5	DDR3_1	DDR3_7	DDR3_3
2 Modules			DS/SS			DS/SS		
						DS/SS		DS/SS
	DS/SS					DS/SS		
			DS/SS					DS/SS
	DS/SS		DS/SS					
	DS/SS							DS/SS
3 Modules			DS/SS			DS/SS		DS/SS
	DS/SS		DS/SS			DS/SS		
	DS/SS					DS/SS		DS/SS
	DS/SS		DS/SS					DS/SS

(SS=Single-Sided, DS=Double-Sided, "- -"=No Memory)

Hardware Installation

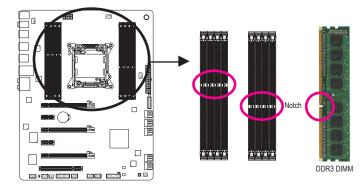
Due to CPU limitations, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in 4 Channel mode.

- 1. For optimum performance, when enabling Dual Channel mode with two memory modules, we recommend that you install them in the DDR3_1 and DDR3_2 sockets.
- When installing the memory, make sure to begin with the first socket of each channel, such as DDR3_1, DDR3_2, DDR3_3, and DDR3_4.

1-4-2 Installing a Memory

Before installing a memory module, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module.

DDR3 and DDR2 DIMMs are not compatible to each other or DDR DIMMs. Be sure to install DDR3 DIMMs on this motherboard.



A DDR3 memory module has a notch, so it can only fit in one direction. Follow the steps below to correctly install your memory modules in the memory sockets.



Step 1:

Note the orientation of the memory module. Spread the retaining clips at both ends of the memory socket. Place the memory module on the socket. As indicated in the picture on the left, place your fingers on the top edge of the memory, push down on the memory and insert it vertically into the memory socket.



Step 2:

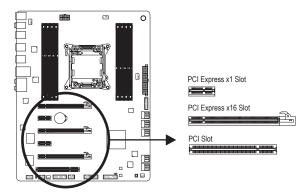
The clips at both ends of the socket will snap into place when the memory module is securely inserted.

1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an
 expansion card to prevent hardware damage.



Follow the steps below to correctly install your expansion card in the expansion slot.

- 1. Locate an expansion slot that supports your card. Remove the metal slot cover from the chassis back panel.
- 2. Align the card with the slot, and press down on the card until it is fully seated in the slot.
- 3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are completely inserted into the slot.
- 4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.
- 5. After installing all expansion cards, replace the chassis cover(s).
- Turn on your computer. If necessary, go to BIOS Setup to make any required BIOS changes for your expansion card(s).
- 7. Install the driver provided with the expansion card in your operating system.

Example: Installing and Removing a PCI Express Graphics Card:



Installing a Graphics Card:

Gently push down on the top edge of the card until it is fully inserted into the PCI Express slot. Make sure the card is securely seated in the slot and does not rock.



Removing the Card:

Press the latch at the end of the PCI Express slot to release the card and then pull the card straight up from the slot.

Hardware Installation

1-6 Setting up AMD CrossFireX[™]/NVIDIA SLI Configuration

A. System Requirements

- The 2-Way CrossFireX and 2-Way SLI technologies currently support Windows 7, Vista, XP operating systems
- The 3-Way CrossFireX and 3-Way SLI technologies currently support Windows 7 and Vista operating systems
- A CrossFireX/SLI-supported motherboard with two/three PCI Express x16 slots and correct driver
- Two/three CrossFireX/SLI-ready graphics cards of identical brand and chip and correct driver (Current GPUs that support 3-Way CrossFireX technology include the ATI Radeon HD 3800, HD 4800, HD 5800 series, and AMD Radeon HD 6800 and HD 6900 series. Current GPUs that support 3-Way SLI technology include the NVIDIA 8800 GTX, 8800 Ultra, 9800 GTX, GTX 260, GTX 280, GTX 470, GTX 480, GTX 570, GTX 580, and GTX 590 series.)
- CrossFireX (Note)/SLI bridge connectors
- A power supply with sufficient power is recommended (Refer to the manual of your graphics cards for the power requirement)

B. Connecting the Graphics Cards

Step 1:

Observe the steps in "1-5 Installing an Expansion Card" and install two/three CrossFireX/SLI graphics cards on the PCI Express x16 slots. (To set up a 2-Way configuration, we recommend installing the graphics cards on the PCIEX16_1 and PCIEX16_2 slots.)

Step 2:

Insert the CrossFireX (Note)/SLI bridge connectors in the CrossFireX/SLI gold edge connectors on top of the two/three cards.

Step 3:

Plug the display cable into the graphics card on the PCIEX16_1 slot.

C. Configuring the Graphics Card Driver C-1. To Enable CrossFireX Function

After installing the graphics card driver in the operating system, go to the **Catalyst Control Center**. Browse to **Performance\AMD CrossFireX**^{**} **Configuration** and ensure the **Enable CrossFireX**^{**} check box is selected and click **Apply**. Select the GPU combination you want to use. (Available combination options are dependent on the number of graphics cards you install.)

C-2. To Enable SLI Function

After installing the graphics card driver in the operating system, go to the NVIDIA Control Panel. Browse to the Set SLI and Physx Configuration screen and ensure Maximize 3D performance is enabled.



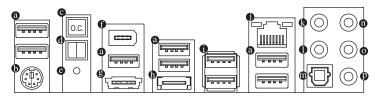


(Note) The bridge connector(s) may be needed or not depending on your graphics cards.



Procedure and driver screen for enabling CrossFireX/SLI technology may differ by graphics cards and driver version. Refer to the manual that came with your graphics cards for more information about enabling CrossFireX/SLI technology.

1-7 Back Panel Connectors



• USB 2.0/1.1 Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Port

Use this port to connect a PS/2 mouse or keyboard.

CPU Overclcking Button

Press this button to overclock your CPU. To return to the defaults, press this button again.

BIOS Switch Button

The button allows users to easily select a different BIOS for boot up or overclocking, helping to reduce BIOS failure during overclocking. Press the button to switch between the main BIOS and backup BIOS. The green LED indicates the main BIOS is active and the blue LED indicates the backup BIOS is active.

Clear CMOS Button

Use this button to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults when needed.

IEEE 1394a Port

The IEEE 1394 port supports the IEEE 1394a specification, featuring high speed, high bandwidth and hotplug capabilities. Use this port for an IEEE 1394a device.

eSATA/USB Combo Connector

This connector supports SATA 6Gb/s and USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use the port to connect an external SATA device or a SATA port multiplier. The Marvell 88SE9172 chip supports RAID function. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array. Or use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

eSATA 6Gb/s Connector

This connector supports SATA 6Gb/s specification. Use the port to connect an external SATA device or a SATA port multiplier. The Marvell 88SE9172 chip supports RAID function. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array. Or use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

• USB 3.0/2.0 Port

The USB 3.0 port supports the USB 3.0 specification and is compatible to the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.



- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.

RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.



ty LED	Speed LED:			Connection/Activity LED:		
	State	Description		State	Description	
	Orange	1 Gbps data rate		Blinking	Data transmission or receiving is occurring	
	Green	100 Mbps data rate		Off	No data transmission or receiving is occurring	
	Off	10 Mbps data rate]			

Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out Jack (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers in a 5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Rear Speaker Out Jack (Black)

Use this audio jack to connect rear speakers in a 7.1-channel audio configuration.

Optical S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital optical audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides an optical digital audio in connector.

Line In Jack (Blue)

The default line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

Line Out Jack (Green)

The default line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

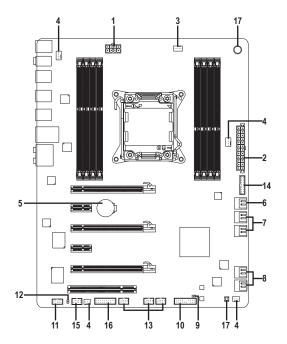
Mic In Jack (Pink)

The default Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.



The audio jacks can be reconfigured to perform different functions via the audio software. If you install a Side Speaker, you need to retask other audio jack to be Side Speaker out. Only microphones still MUST be connected to the default Mic in jack. Refer to the instructions on setting up a 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

1-8 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V_2X4	10)	F_PANEL
2)	ATX	11)	F_AUDIO
3)	CPU_FAN	12)	SPDIF_O
4)	SYS_FAN1/2/3/4	13)	F_USB1/F_USB2/F_USB3
5)	BAT	14)	F_USB30
6)	SATA3 0/1	15)	F_1394
7)	SATA2 2/3/4/5	16)	ТРМ
8)	GSATA3 6/7/8/9	17)	PW_SW/RST_SW
9)	CLR_CMOS		



Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

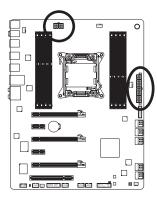
- First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.
- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
 - After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

1/2) ATX_12V_2X4/ATX (2x4 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation. The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.



To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high bower consumption be used (500W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.





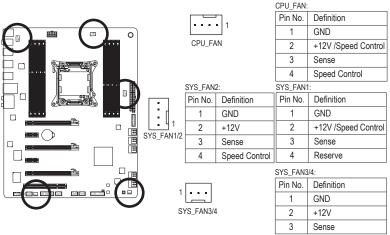
ATX_12V_	ATX_12V_2X4:		
Pin No.	Definition		
1	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)		
2	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)		
3	GND		
4	GND		
5	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)		
6	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)		
7	+12V		
8	+12V		

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Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON (soft On/Off)
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	Power Good	20	-5V
9	5VSB (stand by +5V)	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)

3/4) CPU_FAN/SYS_FAN1/2/3/4 (Fan Headers)

The motherboard has a 4-pin CPU fan header (CPU_FAN), a 4-pin (SYS_FAN1/2) and the 3-pin (SYS_ FAN3/4) system fan headers. Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The speed control function requires the use of a fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.

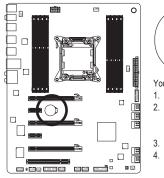


Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.

These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

5) BAT (Battery)

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.





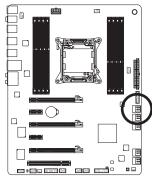
You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

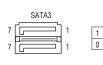
- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
- Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
 Replace the battery.
- Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
- Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself
 or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-)
 of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Hardware Installation

6) SATA3 0/1 (SATA 6Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by Intel X79 Chipset)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 6Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 3Gb/s and SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The SATA3 0/1 connectors support RAID 0 and RAID 1. RAID 5 and RAID 10 can be implemented on the two connectors with the SATA2 2/3/4/5 connector (Note). Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.

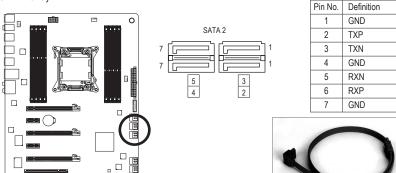




Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

7) SATA2 2/3/4/5 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by Intel X79 Chipset)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The Intel X79 Chipset supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.



Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA cable to your SATA hard drive.



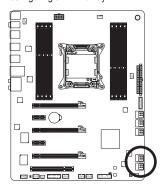
 A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires at least two hard drives. If more than two hard drives are to be used, the total number of hard drives must be an even number.

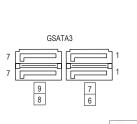
- A RAID 5 configuration requires at least three hard drives. (The total number of hard drives does not have to be an even number.)
- A RAID 10 configuration requires four hard drives.

0 80



8) GSATA3 6/7/8/9 (SATA 6Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by Marvell 88SE9172 Chip) The SATA connectors conform to SATA 6Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 3Gb/s and SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The Marvell 88SE9172 chip supports RAID 0 and RAID 1. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.





Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

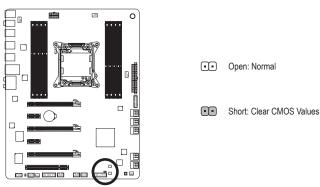


A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires two hard drives.

Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA cable to your SATA hard drive.

9) CLR_CMOS (Clear CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, place use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.

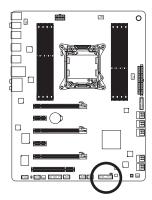


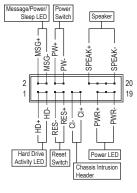


- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

10) F PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker, chassis intrusion switch/sensor and system status indicator on the chassis to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.





MSG/PWR (Message/Power/Sleep LED, Yellow/Purple):

		J	
	System Status	LED	Connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The LED is
ĺ	S0	On	on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system
ĺ	S1	Blinking	is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state
	S3/S4/S5	Off	or powered off (S5).

PW (Power Switch, Red):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management Setup," for more information).

SPEAK (Speaker, Orange): •

Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup.

- HD (Hard Drive Activity LED, Blue) Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.
- RES (Reset Switch, Green): • Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.
- CI (Chassis Intrusion Header, Gray):

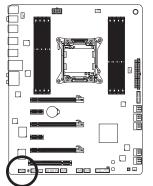
Connects to the chassis intrusion switch/sensor on the chassis that can detect if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with a chassis intrusion switch/sensor.



The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

11) F_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.



	For HD F	ront Panel Audio:	For AC'97	Front Panel Audio
	Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
	1	MIC2_L	1	MIC
1	2	GND	2	GND
	3	MIC2_R	3	MIC Power
1	4	-ACZ_DET	4	NC
	5	LINE2_R	5	Line Out (R)
	6	GND	6	NC
	7	FAUDIO_JD	7	NC
	8	No Pin	8	No Pin
	9	LINE2_L	9	Line Out (L)
	10	GND	10	NC

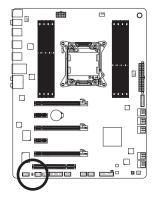


- The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default. If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, refer to the instructions on how to activate AC'97 functionality via the audio software in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire
 instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has
 different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

12) SPDIF_O (S/PDIF Out Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF Out and connects a S/PDIF digital audio cable (provided by expansion cards) for digital audio output from your motherboard to certain expansion cards like graphics cards and sound cards. For example, some graphics cards may require you to use a S/PDIF digital audio cable for digital audio output from your motherboard to your graphics card if you wish to connect an HDMI display to the graphics card and have digital audio output from the HDMI display at the same time. For information about connecting the S/PDIF digital audio cable, carefully read the manual for your expansion card.

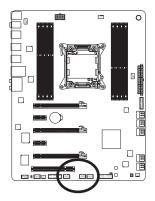
8



Pin No.	Definition
1	SPDIFO
2	GND

13) F_USB1/F_USB2/F_USB3 (USB 2.0/1.1 Headers)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.

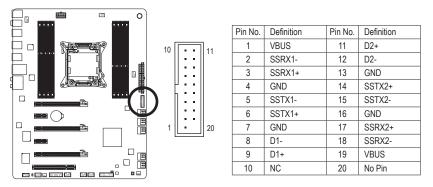




Pin No.	Definition
1	Power (5V)
2	Power (5V)
3	USB DX-
4	USB DY-
5	USB DX+
6	USB DY+
7	GND
8	GND
9	No Pin
10	NC

14) F_USB30 (USB 3.0/2.0 Header)

The header conforms to USB 3.0/2.0 specification and can provide two USB ports. You can also install the included 3.5" front panel into a free 3.5" drive bay of your chassis and connect the USB cable from the 3.5" front panel to this header.

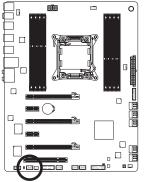


When the system is in S4/S5 mode, only the USB ports routed to the F_USB1 header can support the ON/OFF Charge function.

- Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB 2.0/1.1 header.
- Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

15) F_1394 (IEEE 1394a Header)

The header conforms to IEEE 1394a specification. The IEEE 1394a header can provide one IEEE 1394a port via an optional IEEE 1394a bracket. For purchasing the optional IEEE 1394a bracket, please contact the local dealer.



Pin No.	Definition
1	I-TPA1+
2	I-TPA1-
3	GND-
4	GND
5	I-TPB1+
6	I-TPB1-
7	Power (12V)
8	Power (12V)
9	No Pin
10	GND



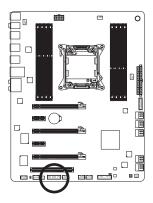
· Do not plug the USB bracket cable into the IEEE 1394a header.

10

- Prior to installing the IEEE 1394a bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the IEEE 1394a bracket.
- To connect an IEEE 1394a device, attach one end of the device cable to your computer and then attach the other end of the cable to the IEEE 1394a device. Ensure that the cable is securely connected.

16) TPM (Trusted Platform Module Header)

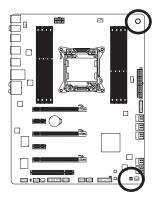
You may connect a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) to this header.



	19	1	_
	20	2	-
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	LCLK	11	LAD0
2	GND	12	GND
3	LFRAME	13	NC
4	No Pin	14	RSV
5	LRESET	15	SB3V
6	NC	16	SERIRQ
7	LAD3	17	GND
8	LAD2	18	NC
9	VCC3	19	NC
10	LAD1	20	SUSCLK

17) PW_SW/RST_SW

The power button and reset button allow users to quickly turn on/off or reset the computer in an open-case environment when they want to change hardware components or conduct hardware testing.



PW_SW: Power button RST_SW: Reset button

1

Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

For instructions on using the Q-Flash and @BIOS utilities, refer to Chapter 4, "BIOS Update Utilities."



- Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- BIOS will emit a beep code during the POST. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for the beep codes description.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper/button in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

2-1 Startup Screen

The following startup Logo screen will appear when the computer boots.



Function Keys:

<TAB>: POST SCREEN

Press the <Tab> key to skip the startup Logo. To turn off the startup Logo, refer to the instructions on the **Full Screen LOGO Show** item on page 51.

: BIOS SETUP\Q-FLASH

Press the <Delete> key to enter BIOS Setup or to access the Q-Flash utility in BIOS Setup.

<F9>: SYSTEM INFORMATION

Press the <F9> key to display your system information.

<F12>: BOOT MENU

Boot Menu allows you to set the first boot device without entering BIOS Setup. In Boot Menu, use the up arrow key <1> or the down arrow key <1> to select the first boot device, then press <Enter> to accept. The system will boot from the device immediately.

Note: The setting in Boot Menu is effective for one time only. After system restart, the device boot order will still be based on BIOS Setup settings.

<END>: Q-FLASH

Press the <End> key to access the Q-Flash utility directly without having to enter BIOS Setup first.

2-2 The Main Menu

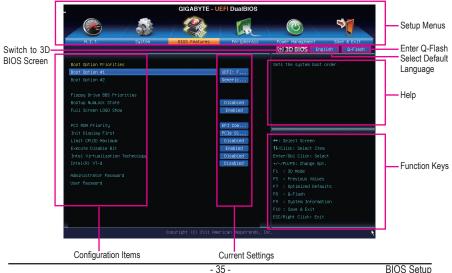
A. The 3D BIOS Screen (Default)

On GIGABYTE's uniquely designed 3D BIOS screen, you can use your mouse to move through the motherboard image and click to enter the function menu in each area for quick configuration. For example, pass your mouse arrow over the CPU and memory sockets and enter the System Tuning menu to configure CPU/memory frequency, memory timings, and voltage settings. For more detailed configuration items, you can click the function menu icons at the bottom of the screen or press <F1> to switch to the main menu of the BIOS Setup program. (If a mouse is not connected, the 3D BIOS screen will automatically switch to the main menu of the BIOS Setup Program.)



B. The Main Menu of the BIOS Setup Program

On the main menu of the BIOS Setup program, press arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu. Or you can use your mouse to select the item you want.



(Sample BIOS Version: F1u)

BIOS Setup Program Function Keys

Bioo octup i rogi		
<←><→>	Move the selection bar to select a setup menu	
<↑><↓>	Move the selection bar to select an configuration item on a menu	
<enter> Execute command or enter a menu</enter>		
<+>/ <page up=""></page>	Increase the numeric value or make changes	
<->/ <page down=""> Decrease the numeric value or make changes</page>		
<f1></f1>	Switch to 3D BIOS screen	
<f5></f5>	F5> Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current menu	
<f7></f7>	Load the optimized BIOS default settings for the current menu	
<f8></f8>	Access the Q-Flash utility	
<f9> Display system information</f9>		
<f10> Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program</f10>		
<f12> Capture the current screen as an image and save it to your USB drive</f12>		
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program	
	Submenus: Exit current submenu	

BIOS Setup Menus

M.I.T.

Use this menu to configure the clock, frequency, and voltages of your CPU and memory, etc. Or check the system/CPU temperatures, voltages, and fan speeds.

System

Use this menu to configure the default language used by the BIOS and system time and date. This menu also displays information on the devices connected to the SATA ports.

BIOS Features

Use this menu to configure the device boot order, advanced features available on the CPU, and the primary display adapter.

Peripherals

Use this menu to configure all peripheral devices, such as SATA, USB, integrated audio, and integrated LAN, etc.

Power Management

Use this menu to configure all the power-saving functions.

Save & Exit Setup

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. You can save the current BIOS settings to a profile or load optimized defaults for optimal-performance system operations.



version.

If the system is not stable as usual, load optimized defaults to set your system to its defaults. The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS

BIOS Setup

2-3 M.I.T.





Whether the system will work stably with the overclock/overvoltage settings you made is dependent on your overall system configurations. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS					
			E.		
N.I.T.	System	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit	
				S 3D BIOS English Q-Flash	
▶ H.I.T. Current Status				Show all information about M.I.T. status	
Advanced Frequency Setti	ngs				
Advanced Memory Settings					
▶ Advanced Voltage Setting					
▶ PC Health Status					
▶ Miscellaneous Settings					
			5		
BIOS Version					
BCLK		100.02MHz			
CPU Frequency		3200.86MHz 1333.65MHz		Enter/Db1 Click: Select	
Memory Frequency Total Memory Size		1024MB		+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt. F1 : 3D Mode	
TOTAL HEIDING SIZE		102405		F5 : Previous Values	
CPU Temperature		78.0°C		F7 : Optimized Defaults	
cro remperatore				F8 : D-Flash	
Vcone		1.104V		F9 : System Information	
DRAM Channel A/B Voltage		1.500V		F10 : Save & Exit	
DRAM Channel C/D Voltage		1.500V		F12 : Print Screen	
		Copyright (C) 2011 Ame	rican Megatrends, I	nc.	

This section provides information on the BIOS version, CPU base clock, CPU frequency, memory frequency, total memory size , CPU temperature, Vcore, and memory voltages.

M.I.T. Current Status

This screen provides information on CPU/memory frequencies/parameters.

Advanced Frequency Settings



☞ BCLK/PCIe Clock Control

Enables or disables the control of CPU base clock and PCIe bus frequency. **Enabled** will allow the **Host Clock Frequency** and **Processor Base Clock** items below to be configurable. Note: If your system fails to boot after overclocking, please wait for 20 seconds for automated system reboot, or clear the CMOS values to reset the board to default values. (Default: Disabled)

∽ Host Clock Frequency

Allows you to manually set the host clock frequency (which controls CPU, PCIe, and memory frequencies) in 0.01 MHz increments. This item is configurable only when **BCLK/PCIe Clock Control** is enabled. When you change the **Host Clock Frequency** setting, the **Memory Frequency (Mhz)** setting below will be changed synchronously.

Important: It is highly recommended that the frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

Processor Base Clock

Allows you to configure the **Processor Base Clock** by multiplying the **Host Clock Frequency** by several preset host clock multipliers. This item is configurable only when **BCLK/PCle Clock Control** is enabled. When you change the **Processor Base Clock** setting, the **Memory Frequency (Mhz)** setting below will be changed synchronously.

Important: It is highly recommended that the frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

∽ CPU Clock Ratio

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed.

∽ CPU Frequency

This value is determined by multiplying the **Processor Base Clock** value by the **CPU Clock Ratio** value.

Advanced CPU Core Features

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS				
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Back M.I.T.\Advanced Frequency Sett.	ings∖Advanced CPU Core	Features	S 3D BIOS English Q-Flash	
CPU Clock Ratio	32	32		
		3.20GHz		
		Auto		
		Disabled		
		Auto		

∽ CPU Clock Ratio, CPU Frequency

The settings under the two items above are synchronous to that under the same items on the Advanced Frequency Settings menu.

∽ Internal CPU PLL Overvoltage

Enabled allows CPU PLL voltage to operate at a higher value. **Disabled** allows CPU PLL voltage to operate at default value. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

C Real-Time CPU Ratio Control in OS (Note)

Enabled allows you to make real-time changes to the CPU clock ratio in your operating system. (Default: Disabled)

Intel(R) Turbo Boost Technology (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the Intel CPU Turbo Boost technology. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ Turbo Ratio (1-Core Active)~(6-Core Active) (Note)

Allows you to set the CPU Turbo ratios for different number of active cores. Auto sets the CPU Turbo ratios according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

∽ Turbo Power Limit (Watts)

Allows you to set a power limit for CPU Turbo mode. When the CPU power consumption exceeds the specified power limit, the CPU will automatically reduce the core frequency in order to reduce the power. **Auto** sets the power limit according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

∽ Core Current Limit (Amps)

Allows you to set a current limit for CPU Turbo mode. When the CPU current exceeds the specified current limit, the CPU will automatically reduce the core frequency in order to reduce the current. **Auto** sets the current limit according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

CPU Core Enabled (Note 1)

Allows you to determine the number of CPU cores you want to enable. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Hyper-Threading Technology (Note 1)

Allows you to determine whether to enable Hyper-Threading technology when using an Intel CPU that supports this function. This feature only works for operating systems that support multi-processor mode. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) (Note 1)

Enables or disables Intel CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) function, a CPU power-saving function in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

C3/C6 State Support (Note 1)

Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C3/C6 mode in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. The C3/C6 state is a more enhanced power-saving state than C1. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

CPU Thermal Monitor (Note 1)

Enables or disables Intel CPU Thermal Monitor function, a CPU overheating protection function. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced when the CPU is overheated. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

CPU EIST Function (Note 1)

Enables or disables Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology (EIST). Depending on CPU loading, Intel EIST technology can dynamically and effectively lower the CPU voltage and core frequency to decrease average power consumption and heat production. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

C Bi-Directional PROCHOT (Note 1)

➡ Auto Lets BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default)

- Enabled When the CPU or chipset detects that an overheating is occurring, PROCHOT signals will be emitted to lower CPU performance to decrease heat production.
- Disabled Only allows the CPU to detect whether an overheating is occurring to emit PROCHOT signals.

C Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) (Note 2)

Allows the BIOS to read the SPD data on XMP memory module(s) to enhance memory performance when enabled.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ▶ Profile1 Uses Profile 1 settings.
- ▶ Profile2 (Note 2) Uses Profile 2 settings.

System Memory Multiplier (SPD)

Allows you to set the system memory multiplier. Auto sets memory multiplier according to memory SPD data. (Default: Auto)

- (Note 1) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.
- (Note 2) This item is present only when you install a memory module that supports this feature.

Memory Frequency(Mhz)

The first memory frequency value is the normal operating frequency of the memory being used; the second is the memory frequency that is automatically adjusted according to the **Host Clock Frequency**, **Processor Base Clock**, and **System Memory Multiplier** settings.

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Extreme Hemory Profile(X.M.P.)	40.00	Disabled	
System Hemory Hultiplier		Auto	
Hemory Frequency(NHz)		1333MHz	
Performance Enhance		Turbo	
DRAM Timing Selectable		Auto	
Profile DDR Voltage		1.50V	
Profile VTT Voltage		1.05V	
Channel Interleaving		Auto	
Rank Interleaveing		Auto	
▶ Channel A Timing Settings			
Channel B Timing Settings			
Channel C Timing Settings			
Channel D Timing Settings			
	Copyright (C) 2011 An	erican Megatrends, I	

Advanced Memory Settings

Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) (Note), System Memory Multiplier (SPD), Memory Frequency(Mhz)

The settings under the three items above are synchronous to those under the same items on the Advanced Frequency Settings menu.

∽ Performance Enhance

Allows the system to operate at three different performance levels.

- ► Normal Lets the system operate at its basic performance level.
- ➡ Turbo Lets the system operate at its good performance level. (Default)
- ➡ Extreme Lets the system operate at its best performance level.

∽ DRAM Timing Selectable

Quick and Expert allows the Channel Interleaving, Rank Interleaving, and memory timing settings below to be configurable. Options are: Auto (default), Quick, Expert.

Profile DDR Voltage

When using a non-XMP memory module or Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) is set to Disabled, this item will display as 1.50V. When Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) is set to Profile1 or Profile2, this item will display the value based on the SPD data on the XMP memory.

☞ Profile VTT Voltage

The value displayed here is dependent on the CPU being used.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a memory module that supports this feature.

∽ Channel Interleaving

Enables or disables memory channel interleaving. **Enabled** allows the system to simultaneously access different channels of the memory to increase memory performance and stability. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Rank Interleaving

Enables or disables memory rank interleaving. **Enabled** allows the system to simultaneously access different ranks of the memory to increase memory performance and stability. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Channel A/B/C/D Timing Settings

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▼ Channel A Standard Timing Contr			
		Auto	
 Channel A Advanced Timing Contr 			
		Auto	international and a second second second
		Auto	++: Select Screen †4/Click: Select Item
		Auto	Enter/Dbl Click: Select
		Auto	+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.
		Auto	F1 : 3D Mode
		Auto	F5 : Previous Values
		Auto	F7 : Optimized Defaults
		Auto	F8 : Q-Flash
		Auto	F9 : System Information
		Auto	F10 : Save & Exit
		Auto	🔻 F12 : Print Screen

This sub-menu provides memory timing settings for each channel of memory. The respective timing setting screens are configurable only when **DRAM Timing Selectable** is set to **Quick** or **Expert**. Note: Your system may become unstable or fail to boot after you make changes on the memory timings. If this occurs, please reset the board to default values by loading optimized defaults or clearing the CMOS values.

Advanced Voltage Settings

	GIGABYTE - U	FI DualBIOS		
		A		3
N.I.T. System	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management	Save & Exit
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▶ 3D Power Control			Set 3D Power relatedco	ntrol settings
CPU Core Voltage Control				
DRAM Voltage Control				
		*	++: Select Screen 14/	(Dijaki Poloot Itom
			Enter/Db1 Click: Selec	
			+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.	
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▶ 3D Power Control

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			a and a second se
PWW Phase Control		Auto	
Vcore Voltage Response		Auto	
Vcore Loadline Calibration (m2)	+0.80mQ	Auto	
INC Voltage Loadline Calibration		Auto	
DDR CH(A/B) Voltage Loadline Calibration		Auto	
DDR CH(C/D) Voltage Loadline Calibration		Auto	
CPU Vtt Loadline Calibration		Auto	
		h .	
Voore Protection		Auto	++: Select Screen 14/Click: Select Item
CPU Vtt Protection		Auto	Enter/Db1 Click: Select
INC Voltage Protection		Auto	+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.
DDR CH(A/B) Voltage Protection		Auto	F1 : 3D Mode
DDR CH(C/D) Voltage Protection		Auto	F5 : Previous Values
			F7 : Optimized Defaults
Voore Current Protection		Auto	F8 : Q-Flash
CPU Vtt Current Protection		Auto	F9 : System Information
INC Current Protection		Auto	F10 : Save & Exit
DDR CH(A/B) Current Protection		Auto	F12 : Print Screen
			ESC/Right Click: Exit
Co			nc.

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IMC Voltage Protection		Auto	▲ Set Vdd CH(C/D) PWM Switch Rate Value
		Auto	
		Auto	++: Select Screen 14/Click: Select Ite
		Auto	
		Auto	
			F1 : 3D Mode
		Auto	F5 : Previous Values
		Auto	F7 : Optimized Defaults
		Auto	F8 : Q-Flash
		Auto	F9 : System Information
Vdd CH(C/D) PWM Switch Rate	250.0KHz	Auto	📕 F10 : Save & Exit
			🔻 F12 : Print Screen

☞ PWM Phase Control

Allows you to automatically change the PWM phase according to the CPU load. The power-saving levels are (from lowest to highest): eXm Perf (Extreme Performance), High Perf (High Performance), Balanced, Perf (Performance), Mid PWR (Mid Power), and Lite PWR (Light Power). **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto).

∽ Vcore Voltage Response

Allows you to configure the response time for Vcore changes using four preset levels.

- ► Auto Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default)
- Standard~Extreme Selects Standard, Fast, Turbo, or Extreme which represents different levels of the response time for Vcore changes.

✓ Vcore Loadline Calibration (mΩ)

Allows you to configure Vcore Load-Line Calibration. This item allows you to adjust the V-droop value. The higher the V-droop value, the lower the output voltage will be under heavy load.

Auto Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting and sets V-droop following Intel specifications. (Default)

→ +0.00mΩ~+6.00mΩ Adjusts the V-droop value.

☞ IMC Voltage Loadline Calibration

Allows you to configure Load-Line Calibration for the IMC voltage. This item allows you to adjust the V-droop value. The higher the V-droop value, the lower the output voltage will be under heavy load.

Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting and sets V-droop following Intel specifications. (Default)

→ +0.00mΩ~+12.00mΩ Adjusts the V-droop value.

DDR CH(A/B) Voltage Loadline Calibration

Allows you to configure Load-Line Calibration for Channel A and Channel B memory voltage. This item allows you to adjust the V-droop value. The higher the V-droop value, the lower the output voltage will be under heavy load.

► Auto

Auto Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting and sets V-droop following Intel specifications. (Default)

→ +0.00m Ω ~+12.00m Ω Adjusts the V-droop value.

DDR CH(C/D) Voltage Loadline Calibration

Allows you to configure Load-Line Calibration for Channel C and Channel D memory voltage. This item allows you to adjust V-droop. The higher the V-droop value, the lower the output voltage will be under heavy load.

Auto Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting and sets V-droop following Intel specifications. (Default)

 \rightarrow +0.00m Ω ~+6.00m Ω Adjusts the V-droop value.

∽ CPU Vtt Loadline Calibration

Allows you to configure Load-Line Calibration for the CPU Vtt voltage. This item allows you to adjust V-droop at different levels. The higher the V-droop value, the lower the output voltage will be under heavy load.

► Auto

Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting and sets V-droop following Intel specifications. (Default)

 \rightarrow +0.00m Ω ~+6.00m Ω Adjusts the V-droop value.

Core Protection

Allows you to set the voltage limit on the Vcore for over-voltage protection. The adjustable range is from 150.0mV to 500.0mV. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ CPU Vtt Protection

Allows you to set the voltage limit on the CPU Vtt voltage for over-voltage protection. The adjustable range is from 150.0mV to 500.0mV. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

IMC Voltage Protection

Allows you to set the voltage limit on the IMC voltage for over-voltage protection. The adjustable range is from 150.0mV to 500.0mV. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

DDR CH(A/B) Voltage Protection

Allows you to set the voltage limit on Channel A and Channel B memory voltage for over-voltage protection. The adjustable range is from 150.0mV to 500.0mV. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ DDR CH(C/D) Over Voltage Protection

Allows you to set the voltage limit on Channel C and Channel D memory voltage for over-voltage protection. The adjustable range is from 150.0mV to 500.0mV. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ Vcore Current Protection

Allows you to set the current limit on the Vcore for over-current protection in terms of percentage. The adjustable range is from 50.0% to 160.0%. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ CPU Vtt Current Protection

Allows you to set the current limit on the CPU Vtt voltage for over-current protection in terms of percentage. The adjustable range is from 50.0% to 160.0%. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

☞ IMC Current Protection

Allows you to set the current limit on the IMC voltage for over-current protection in terms of percentage. The adjustable range is from 50.0% to 160.0%. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ DDR CH(A/B) Current Protection

Allows you to set the current limit on Channel A and Channel B memory voltage for over-current protection in terms of percentage. The adjustable range is from 50.0% to 160.0%. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ DDR CH(C/D) Current Protection

Allows you to set the current limit on Channel C and Channel D memory voltage for over-current protection in terms of percentage. The adjustable range is from 50.0% to 160.0%. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ Vcore PWM Thermal Protection

Allows you to set the PWM thermal protection threshold for the Vcore area. The adjustable range is from 120.0°C to 152.0°C. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ CPU Vtt PWM Thermal Protection

Allows you to set the PWM thermal protection threshold for the CPU Vtt area. The adjustable range is from 120.0°C to 152.0°C. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ Vdd PWM Thermal Protection

Allows you to set the PWM thermal protection threshold for the Vdd area. The adjustable range is from 120.0°C to 152.0°C. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ CPU PWM Switch Rate

Allows you to set the CPU PWM frequency. The adjustable range is from 200.0KHz to 2500.0KHz. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

☞ IMC PWM Switch Rate

Allows you to set the IMC PWM frequency. The adjustable range is from 200.0KHz to 2500.0KHz. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ CPU Vtt PWM Switch Rate

Allows you to set the CPU Vtt PWM frequency. The adjustable range is from 200.0KHz to 2500.0KHz. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Vdd CH(A/B) PWM Switch Rate

Allows you to set the PWM frequency for Channel A and Channel B memory. The adjustable range is from 200.0KHz to 2500.0KHz. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Vdd CH(C/D) PWM Switch Rate

Allows you to set the PWM frequency for Channel C and Channel D memory. The adjustable range is from 200.0KHz to 2500.0KHz. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

CPU Core Voltage Control

This section provides CPU voltage control options.

DRAM Voltage Control

This section provides memory voltage control options.

Chipset Voltage Control

This section provides Chipset voltage control options.

PC Health Status

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ase Open	YES		
PU Vcore			
ram Channel A/B Voltage	1.500 V		
ram Channel C/D Voltage	1.500 V		
5V	5.100 V		
	11.736 V		
PU VTT	1.068 V		
PU Temperature	78.0 °C		
CH Temperature	43.0 °C		
ystem Temperature	36.0 °C	7	++: Select Screen 14/Click: Select I1
PU Fan Speed	1917 RPM		Enter/Dbl Click: Select
st System Fan Speed	0 RPM		+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.
nd System Fan Speed	0 RPM		F1 : 3D Mode
rd System Fan Speed	0 RPM		F5 : Previous Values
th System Fan Speed	0 RPM		F7 : Optimized Defaults
			F8 : Q-Flash
PU Warning Temperature		Disabled	F9 : System Information
PU Fan Fail Warning		Disabled	F10 : Save & Exit
st System Fan Fail Warning		Disabled	F12 : Print Screen
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Reset Case Open Status

>> Disabled Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. (Default)

Enabled Clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the Case Opened field will show "No" at next boot.

Case Opened

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to the CMOS, and then restart your system.

- CPU Vcore/Dram Channel A/B Voltage/Dram Channel C/D Voltage/+5V/+12V+/CPU VTT Displays the current system voltages.
- CPU Temperature/PCH/System Temperature Displays current CPU/Chipset/System temperature.
- CPU FAN Speed/System FAN Speed Displays current CPU/system fan speeds.

∽ CPU Warning Temperature

Sets the warning threshold for CPU temperature. When CPU temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), 60°C/140°F, 70°C/158°F, 80°C/176°F, 90°C/194°F.

∽ CPU FAN Fail Warning/1st/2nd/3rd/4th SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the CPU fan or system fans are not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

CPU Fan Speed Control

Allows you to determine whether to enable the CPU fan speed control function and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the CPU fan to run at different speeds according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on your system requirements. (Default)
- ➡ Silent Allows the CPU fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the CPU fan speed under the Slope PWM item.
- Disabled Allows the CPU fan to run at full speeds.

Slope PWM

Allows you to control the CPU fan speed. This item is configurable only when **CPU Fan Speed Control** is set to **Manual**. Options are: 0.75 PWM value / \circ C ~ 2.50 PWM value / \circ C.

☞ 1st System Fan Speed Control (SYS_FAN1 Connector)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the system fan speed control function for the system fan connected to SYS_FAN1 connector and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the system fan to run at different speeds according to the system temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on your system requirements. (Default)
- Silent Allows the system fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the CPU fan speed under the Slope PWM item.
- ► Disabled Allows the system fan to run at full speeds.

∽ Slope PWM

Allows you to control the system fan speed. This item is configurable only when **1st System FAN Speed Control** is set to **Manual**. Options are: 0.75 PWM value $\[\car{C} \sim 2.50 \]$ PWM value $\[\$

2nd System Fan Speed Control (SYS_FAN2 Connector)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the system fan speed control function for the system fan connected to SYS_FAN2 connector and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the system fan to run at different speeds according to the system temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on your system requirements. (Default)
- ➡ Silent Allows the system fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the CPU fan speed under the Slope PWM item.
- ▶ Disabled Allows the system fan to run at full speeds.
- ∽ Slope PWM

Allows you to control the system fan speed. This item is configurable only when **2nd System Fan Speed Control** is set to **Manual**. Options are: 0.75 PWM value /°C ~ 2.50 PWM value /°C.

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS

Miscellaneous Settings

☞ Isochronous Support

Determines whether to enable specific streams within the CPU and Chipset. This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website. (Default: Enabled)

2-4 System



This section provides information on your CPU, memory, motherboard model, and BIOS version. You can also select the default language used by the BIOS and manually set the system time.

∽ System Language

Selects the default language used by the BIOS.

System Date

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date, and year. Use <Enter> to switch between the Month, Date, and Year fields and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the desired value.

∽ System Time

Sets the system time. The time format is hour, minute, and second. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:0:0. Use <Enter> to switch between the Hour, Minute, and Second fields and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the desired value.

Access Level

Displays the current access level depending on the type of password protection used. (If no password is set, the default will display as Administrator.) The Administrator level allows you to make changes to all BIOS settings; the User level only allows you to make changes to certain BIOS settings but not all.

ATA Port Information

This section provides information on the device connected to each SATA port controlled by Intel X79 Chipset.

2-5 BIOS Features



☞ Boot Option Priorities

Specifies the overall boot order from the available devices. For example, you can set hard drive as the first priority (**Boot Option #1**) and DVD ROM drive as the second priority (**Boot Option #2**). The list only displays the device with the highest priority for a specific type. For example, only hard drive defined as the first priority on the **Hard Drive BBS Priorities** submenu will be presented here.

Removable storage devices that support GPT format will be prefixed with "UEFI:" string on the boot device list. To boot from an operating system that supports GPT partitioning, select the device prefixed with "UEFI:" string.

Or if you want to install an operating system that supports GPT partitioning such as Windows 7 64-bit, select the optical drive that contains the Windows 7 64-bit installation disk and is prefixed with "UEFI:" string.

Hard Drive/CD/DVD ROM Drive/Floppy Drive/Network Device BBS Priorities

Specifies the boot order for a specific device type, such as hard drives, optical drives, floppy disk drives, and devices that support Boot from LAN function, etc. Press <Enter> on this item to enter the submenu that presents the devices of the same type that are connected. This item is present only if at least one device for this type is installed.

∽ Bootup NumLock State

Enables or disables Numlock feature on the numeric keypad of the keyboard after the POST. (Default: Disabled)

∽ Full Screen LOGO Show

Allows you to determine whether to display the GIGABYTE Logo at system startup. **Disabled** skips the GIGABYTE Logo when the system starts up. (Default: Enabled)

PCI ROM Priority

Allows you to determine which Option ROM to launch. Options are Legacy ROM and EFI Compatible ROM. (Default: EFI Compatible ROM)

∽ Init Display First

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card or the PCI Express graphics card.

- ▶ PCIe Slot1 Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX16_1 slot as the first display. (Default)
- ▶ PCIe Slot2 Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX8 slot as the first display.
- ▶ PCIe Slot3 Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX16_2 slot as the first display.
- ▶ PCI Sets the graphics card on the PCI slot as the first display.

C Limit CPUID Maximum (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to limit CPUID maximum value. Set this item to **Disabled** for Windows XP operating system; set this item to **Enabled** for legacy operating system such as Windows NT4.0. (Default: Disabled)

C Execute Disable Bit (Note)

Enables or disables Intel Execute Disable Bit function. This function may enhance protection for the computer, reducing exposure to viruses and malicious buffer overflow attacks when working with its supporting software and system. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Intel Virtualization Technology (Note)

Enables or disables Intel Virtualization Technology. Virtualization enhanced by Intel Virtualization Technology will allow a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Disabled)

∽ Intel(R) VT-d (Note)

Enables or disables Intel Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O. (Default: Disabled)

Administrator Password

Allows you to configure an administrator password. Press <Enter> on this item, type the password, and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You must enter the administrator password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup. Differing from the user password, the administrator password allows you to make changes to all BIOS settings.

☞ User Password

Allows you to configure a user password. Press <Enter> on this item, type the password, and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You must enter the administrator password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup. However, the user password only allows you to make changes to certain BIOS settings but not all.

To cancel the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, enter the correct one first. When prompted for a new password, press <Enter> without entering any password. Press <Enter> again when prompted to confirm.

⁽Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

2-6 Peripherals



☞ VIA 1394 Controller

Enables or disables the onboard IEEE 1394 function. (Default: Enabled)

∽ LAN PXE Boot Option ROM

Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

→ LAN Controller

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

∽ Audio Device Control

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Enabled)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

∽ USB 2.0 Devices (Intel X79 Chipset)

Enables or disables the USB 2.0 controllers integrated with the Intel X79 Chipset. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Intel SATA Control Mode

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controllers integrated in the Intel X79 Chipset or configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode.

- ▶ IDE Mode Disables RAID for the SATA controllers and configures the SATA controllers to IDE mode.
- ► RAID Mode Enables RAID for the SATA controllers.
- AHCI Mode Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. (Default)
- Disabled Disables the SATA controllers.

Legacy USB Support

Allows USB keyboard/mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Enabled)

→ USB3.0 Support (Fresco FL1009 USB Controllers)

Enables or disables the Fresco FL1009 USB 3.0 controllers. (Default: Enabled)

∽ XHCI Hand-off

Determines whether to enable XHCI Hand-off feature for an operating system without XHCI Hand-off support. (Default: Enabled)

CHCI Hand-off

Determines whether to enable EHCI Hand-off feature for an operating system without EHCI Hand-off support. (Default: Disabled)

Port 60/64 Emulation

Enables or disables emulation of I/O ports 64h and 60h. This should be enabled for full legacy support for USB keyboards/mice in MS-DOS or in operating system that does not natively support USB devices. (Default: Enabled)

☞ USB Storage Devices

Displays a list of connected USB mass storage devices. You can configure how each device is going to be treated. For example, you can emulate a USB flash drive as a floppy disk drive. (Default: Auto)

Marvell ATA Controller Configuration



☞ GSATA Controller (Marvell 88SE9172 Chip, GSATA3 6 and GSATA3 7 connectors)

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controllers integrated in the Marvell 88SE9172 chip or configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode.

► IDE Mode	Disables RAID for the SATA controllers and configures the SATA controllers to IDE
	mode.

- ► RAID Mode Enables RAID for the SATA controllers.
- AHCI Mode Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. (Default)
 Disabled Disables the SATA controllers.

BIOS Setup

GSATA Controller (Marvell 88SE9172 Chip, GSATA3 8 and GSATA3 9 connectors)

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controllers integrated in the Marvell 88SE9172 chip or configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode.

- ▶ IDE Mode Disables RAID for the SATA controllers and configures the SATA controllers to IDE mode.
- ➡ RAID Mode Enables RAID for the SATA controllers.
- ► AHCI Mode Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. (Default) Disabled Disables the SATA controllers.

GSATA Controller (Marvell 88SE9172 Chip, eSATA connectors)

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controllers integrated in the Marvell 88SE9172 chip or configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode.

- ► IDE Mode Disables RAID for the SATA controllers and configures the SATA controllers to IDE mode.
- ▶ RAID Mode Enables RAID for the SATA controllers.
- ► AHCI Mode Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. (Default) ➡ Disabled Disables the SATA controllers.

2-7 Power Management



🗢 AC BACK

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- ► Always Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)
- Always On
 Memory
 The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
 The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC
 - The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.

∽ Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ► Any Key Press any key to turn on the system.
- → Keyboard 98

 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.

∽ Resume by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

>> Wake up day: Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.

∽ ACPI Sleep State

Specifies the ACPI sleep state when the system enters suspend.

S1(CPU Stop Clock) Enables the system to enter the ACPI S1 sleep state. In S1 sleep state, the system appears suspended and stays in a low power mode. The system can be resumed at any time.

S3(Suspend to RAM) Enables the system to enter the ACPI S3 sleep state. In S3 sleep state, the system appears to be off and consumes less power than in the S1 state. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system resumes to its working state exactly where it was left off. (Default)
 Suspend Disabled Disables this function.

C High Precision Event Timer (Note)

Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) for Windows 7/Vista operating system. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

► Instant-Off

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)

Delay 4 Sec. Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

☞ Wake on LAN from S5

Allows the system to be awakened from S5 ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from the onboard LAN. (Default: Enabled)

ErP Support

Determines whether to let the system consume less than 1W power in S5 (shutdown) state. (Default: Disabled)

Note: When this item is set to **Enabled**, the following functions will become unavailable: PME event wake up, power on by mouse, power on by keyboard, and wake on LAN.

(Note) Supported on Windows 7/Vista operating system only.

2-8 Save & Exit Setup



∽ Save & Exit Setup

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes**. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Select **No** or press <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

☞ Exit Without Saving

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes**. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Select **No** or press <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

∽ Load Optimized Defaults

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes** to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS default settings help the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

Boot Override

Allows you to select a device to boot immediately. Press <Enter> on the device you select and select **Yes** to confirm. Your system will restart automatically and boot from that device.

∽ Save Profiles

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 4 profiles and save as Setup Profile 1~ Setup Profile 4.

Coad Profiles

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load and then press <Enter> to complete.

Chapter 3 Drivers Installation



Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system.

After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optical drive. The driver Autorun screen is automatically displayed which looks like that shown in the screen shot below. (If the driver Autorun screen does not appear automatically, go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the **Run**.exe program.)

3-1 Installing Chipset Drivers



After inserting the driver disk, "Xpress Install" will automatically scan your system and then list all the drivers that are recommended to install. You can click the Install All button and "Xpress Install" will install all the recommended drivers. Or click Install Single Items to manually select the drivers you wish to install.

😸 X79-Series 1.0 811.1018.1		- • ×
GIGABYT		
Chipset Drivers	Install Chipset Drivers We recommend that you install the drivers listed below for your motherboard. Please click "Install AI" to install all the drivers automatically.	
Application	Xpress Install Install Single Items	
Software	Install All	
Technical Manuals		
	Splashtop Connect	
	Version:1.1.13.1	
Contact	Size:39.25MB	
	Splashtop Connect is the smart start page for browser that combines your most visited web sites, your history, your Facebook friends and your real-time	
(mail)	news feed into an enhanced view for a more personal Internet experience.	
System	Intel(R) Management Engine Software	
	Version:7.1.21.1134	
	Size 6.71MB	
Download Center	Intel(R) HECI Device Driver You MUST install this driver to ensure proper system operation.	
000	INF Update Utility	
	Version 9.2.3.1020	
SMART	Size 8.20MB	
	This utility installs INF files that inform the operating system how to properly configure the chipset for specific functionality such as PCI-Express or USB interface.	
	Seafesk HD Audio Driver	
	Version 5 10 0 6449 / 6 0 1 6449	
	Size 388 61MB	
	Reatek Hoh Defintion Audio Driver	
		-
•		



- Please ignore the popup dialog box(es) (e.g. the Found New Hardware Wizard) displayed when "Xpress Install" is installing the drivers. Failure to do so may affect the driver installation.
- Some device drivers will restart your system automatically during the driver installation. After the system restart, "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.
- After "Xpress Install" installs all of the drivers, a dialog box will appear asking whether to install new GIGABYTE utilities. Click Yes to automatically install the utilities. Or click No if you want to manually select the utilities to install on the Application Software page later.
- For USB 2.0 driver support under the Windows XP operating system, please install the Windows XP Service Pack 1 or later. After installing the SP1 (or later), if a question mark still exists in Universal Serial Bus Controller in Device Manager, please remove the question mark (by right-clicking your mouse and select Uninstall) and restart the system. (The system will then autodetect and install the USB 2.0 driver.)

3-2 Application Software

This page displays all the utilities and applications that GIGABYTE develops and some free software. You can click the **Install** button on the right of an item to install it.

Chipset Drivers	Install Application Programs Click the "Install" button on the right of an application to install it.	
Application	Install GIGABYTE Utilities Install Application Software Install New Utilities	
Software		
	EasyTune 6	^
Technical Manuals	Size 23.87MB	
	An easy-to-use Windows-based system enhancement utility allowing quick access to a variety of performance features.	
Contact	DMI Viewer	
7	Size 2.89MB	
	DMI Viewer provides a management tool for viewing motherboard hardware information.	
System	Face Witzard	_
	Face Witzard Size 3 95//B	
Download	Face Wizard provides utility for customizing BIOS boot up screen.	
TOPT	@BIOS	
	Size 5.27MB	
	@BIOS provides utility for updating BIOS through internet.	_
	Q-Share	
	Size 3.99MB	-

3-3 Technical Manuals

This page provides GIGABYTE's application guides, content descriptions for this driver disk, and the motherboard manuals.

📩 X79-Series 1.0 B11.1018.1		- × ·
GIGABYT	E	
Chipset Drivers	Technical Manuals	
Univers	Application Guides Driver Disk Contents User's Manual	
Application Software		
Software		
M Technical	DES2(Dynamic Energy Saver 2) EasyTune 6	
Manuals	• @BIOS	
and the second s	G.O.M. (GIGABYTE Online Manager) G.Share	
Contact	Smart 6	
THE N	Xpress Recover 2 Easy Energy Saver	
System	Realtek Ethernet Diagnostic Utility	
Senter Download Center		
smart		
•		

3-4 Contact

For the detailed contact information of the GIGABYTE Taiwan headquarter or worldwide branch offices, click the URL on this page to link to the GIGABYTE website.



3-5 System

This page provides the basic system information.

Chipset Drivers Application	System Information You can save, print, or e-mail the system System Information List	information by clicking the buttons below.	
Software	List		
Technical Manuals	MB Name: BIOS version;	Gigabyte Tecohnology Co., Ltd.X79-UD5	
Contact	CPU Name: Memory information:	Genuine Intel(R) CPU @ 3.20GHz Total physical memory 975 MB	
System	OS information: CD version information:	Windows 7 Ultimate X79-Series 1.0 B11.1018.1	
Download Center			

3-6 Download Center

To update the BIOS, drivers, or applications, click the **Download Center** button to link to the GIGABYTE website. The latest version of the BIOS, drivers, or applications will be displayed.

Chipset	Install Chipset Drivers We recommend that you install the drivers listed below for your motherboard. Please click "Instal AI" to instal all the drivers automatically.	
Application	Xpress Install Install Single Items	
Software	Install All	
Technical Manuals	Splashtop Connect	-
	Version:1.1.13.1	
Contact	Size 39.26MB	
	Splashtop Connect is the smart start page for browser that combines your most visited web sites, your history, your Facebook friends and your real-time	
	news feed into an enhanced view for a more personal Internet experience.	
12	Intell®) Management Engine Software	
and the second s	Version 7 1 21 1134	
	Winner Charles Contraction Con	
Download	Intel/R) HECI Device Driver You MUST install this driver to ensure proper system operation.	
Center		
	INF Update Utility	
46	Version:9.2.3.1020	
- ALLER	Size 8.20MB	
	This utility installs INF files that inform the operating system how to properly configure the chipset for specific functionality such as PCI-Express or USB interface.	
	Realtek HD Audio Driver	
	Version: 5.10.0.6449 / 6.0.1.6449 Size:368.61MB	
	Reates High Definition Audio Driver	

3-7 New Utilities

1

This page provides a quick link to GIGABYTE's lately developed utilities for users to install. You can click the **Install** button on the right of an item to install it.

Chipset Drivers	Install Application Pro Click the "Install" button Install GIGABYT	on the right of an application to install it.	Install New Utilities	
Technical Manuals	3TB+Unlock	Size 5. 87MB Gigabyte 3TB HDD unlock utility		Install
System	sterio	Size S4 41MB GKGABYTE Smart 6 Program		Install

Chapter 4 Unique Features

4-1 Xpress Recovery2



Xpress Recovery2 is a utility that allows you to quickly compress and back up your system data and perform restoration of it. Supporting NTFS, FAT32, and FAT16 file systems, Xpress Recovery2 can back up data on PATA and SATA hard drives and restore it.

Before You Begin:

- Xpress Recovery2 will check the first physical hard drive (Note) for the operating system. Xpress Recovery2 can only back up/restore the first physical hard drive that has the operating system installed.
- As Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file at the end of the hard drive, make sure to leave enough unallocated space in advanced (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data).
- It is recommended to back up your system soon after the operating system and drivers are installed.
- The amount of data and hard drive access speed may affect the speed at which the data is backed up/ restored.
- It takes longer to back up a hard drive than to restore it.

System Requirements:

- At least 512 MB of system memory
- VESA compatible graphics card
- · Windows XP with SP1 or later, Windows Vista, Windows 7



• Xpress Recovery and Xpress Recovery2 are different utilities. For example, a backup file created with Xpress Recovery cannot be restored using Xpress Recovery2.

- USB hard drives are not supported.
- RAID drives are not supported.
- GPT partitions are not supported.
- Hard drives larger than 2.2 TB are not supported.

Installation and Configuration:

Turn on your system to boot from the Windows 7 setup disk.

A. Installing Windows 7 and Partitioning the Hard Drive

Name	Total Size	Free Space Type
Disk 0 Unallocated Space	80.0 G8	80.0 GB
Befreuh		Drive options (gdvance
Dettern		Drive options (Boyance

George Disk 0 Unallocate	d Space	80.0 GB	80.0 GB	
the Befrech	XDelete	Format	* Ngw	1
Diver	Listend			•

Step 1:

Click Drive options.

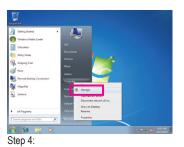
Click New.

(Note) Xpress Recovery2 checks the first physical hard drive in the following sequence: The first SATA connector, the second SATA connector and so forth. For example, When hard drives are attached to the first and third SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first SATA connector is the first physical drive.

	lame		Total Size	Free Space	Туре
<u>م</u>	isk 0 Partition	1: System Reserved	100.0 MB	86.0 MB	System
	isk 0 Partition	2	29.2 GB	29.2 G8	Primary
¢ و	Nsk 0 Unalloca	ted Space	50.7 GB	50.7 G8	
		× Delete	@ Format		
fo Befresl					

Step 3:

When partitioning your hard drive, make sure to leave unallocated space (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data) and begin the installation of the operating system.



After the operating system is installed, click **Start**, right-click the **Computer** and select **Manage**. Go to **Disk Management** to check disk allocation.



Step 5:

Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file to the unallocated space (black stripe along the top). Please note that if there is no enough unallocated space, Xpress Recovery2 cannot save the backup file.

B. Accessing Xpress Recovery2

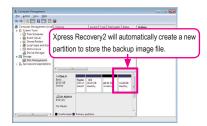
Boot from the motherboard driver disk to access Xpress Recovery2. When you see the following message: Press any key to startup Xpress Recovery2, press any key to enter Xpress Recovery2.

C. Using the Backup Function in Xpress Recovery2



Step 1:

Select **BACKUP** to start backing up your hard drive data.



Step 2:

When finished, go to **Disk Management** to check disk allocation.

D. Using the Restore Function in Xpress Recovery2



Select **RESTORE** to restore the backup to your hard drive in case the system breaks down. The **RESTORE** option will not be present if no backup is created before.

E. Removing the Backup



Step 1:

If you wish to remove the backup file, select **REMOVE**.



Step 2:

After the backup file is removed, no backup image file will be present in **Disk Management** and hard drive space will be freed up.



F. Exiting Xpress Recovery2

Select **REBOOT** to exit Xpress Recovery2.

4-2 **BIOS Update Utilities**

GIGABYTE motherboards provide two unique BIOS update tools, Q-Flash™ and @BIOS™. GIGABYTE Q-Flash and @BIOS are easy-to-use and allow you to update the BIOS without the need to enter MS-DOS mode. Additionally, this motherboard features the DualBIOS[™] design, which enhances protection for the safety and stability of your computer by adding one more physical BIOS chip.



What is DualBIOS™?

Motherboards that support DualBIOS have two BIOS onboard, a main BIOS and a backup BIOS. Normally, the system works on the main BIOS. However, if the

main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the backup BIOS will take over on the next system boot and copy the BIOS file to the main BIOS to ensure normal system operation. For the sake of system safety, users cannot update the backup BIOS manually.



What is Q-Flash[™]?

With Q-Flash you can update the system BIOS without having to enter operating systems like MS-DOS or Window first. Embedded in the BIOS, the Q-Flash tool frees you from the hassles of going through complicated BIOS flashing process.



What is @BIOS[™]?

@BIOS allows you to update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. @BIOS will download the latest BIOS file from the nearest @BIOS server site

and update the BIOS.

4-2-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility

A. Before You Begin

- 1 From GIGABYTE's website, download the latest compressed BIOS update file that matches your motherboard model.
- 2. Extract the file and save the new BIOS file (e.g. X79UD5.f1) to your USB flash drive or hard drive. Note: The USB flash drive or hard drive must use FAT32/16/12 file system.
- 3. Restart the system. During the POST, press the <End> key to enter Q-Flash. Note: You can access Q-Flash by either pressing the <End> key during the POST or pressing the <F8> key in BIOS Setup. However, if the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.



Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, please do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

Unique Features

B. Updating the BIOS

In the main menu of Q-Flash, use the keyboard or mouse to select an item to execute. When updating the BIOS, choose the location where the BIOS file is saved. The following procedure assumes that you save the BIOS file to a USB flash drive.

Step 1:

- Insert the USB flash drive containing the BIOS file into the computer. In the main menu of Q-Flash, select Update BIOS From Drive.
 - The Save Main BIOS to Drive option allows you to save the current BIOS file.
 - Q-Flash only supports USB flash drive or hard drives using FAT32/16/12 file system.
 - If the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.

2. Select Flash Disk.

Q-Flash Utility v1.00	
Model Name : X79-UD5	
BIOS Version : F1u	
BIOS Date : 10/26/2011	
Flash Type/Size : MXIC 25L6465E/6406E 8MB	
Update BIOS From Drive	
Select Device	
Flash Disk	

3. Select the BIOS update file.

Make sure the BIOS update file matches your motherboard model.

Step 2:

The process of the system reading the BIOS file from the USB flash drive is displayed on the screen. When the message "Are you sure to update BIOS?" appears, select **Yes** to begin the BIOS update. The monitor will display the update process.



Do not turn off or restart the system when the system is reading/updating the BIOS.

Do not remove the USB flash drive or hard drive when the system is updating the BIOS.

Step 3:

When the update process is complete, select Reboot to reboot the system.

	Q-Flash	
BIOS up	date is con	pleted.
	Power off	
	Reboot	

Step 4:

After the system reboots, you will see the new BIOS version on the POST screen.

Step 5:

During the POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select Load Optimized Defaults on the Save & Exit screen and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults. System will re-detect all peripheral devices after a BIOS update, so we recommend that you reload BIOS defaults.



Select Yes to load BIOS defaults

Step 6:

Select **Save & Exit Setup** and press <Enter>. And then select **Yes** to save settings to CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. The procedure is complete after the system restarts.

4-2-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility

A. Before You Begin

- 1. In Windows, close all applications and TSR (Terminate and Stay Resident) programs. This helps prevent unexpected failures when performing a BIOS update.
- During the BIOS update process, ensure the Internet connection is stable and do NOT interrupt the Internet connection (for example, avoid a power loss or switching off the Internet). Failure to do so may result in a corrupted BIOS or a system that is unable to start.
- 3. Do not use the G.O.M. (GIGABYTE Online Management) function when using @BIOS.
- GIGABYTE product warranty does not cover any BIOS damage or system failure resulting from an inadequate BIOS flashing.

B. Using @BIOS

@BIOS	CURRENT MOTHERBOARD	0 000
Flash Memory Type :	MXIC 25L6465E/6406E	Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server
Flash Memory Size :	64M bits	Update BIOS from File
BIOS Sign on Message :	X79-UD5 F1I	Save Current BIOS to File
BIOS Vendor :	AMI UEFI BIOS	
		About @BIOS
Load CMOS de	fault after BIOS update 📄 Clear DMI data Pool	GIGABYTE"

1. Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server 1 Update the BIOS Using the Internet Update Function:

Click **Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server**, select the @BIOS server site closest to your location and then download the BIOS file that matches your motherboard model. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.

If the BIOS update file for your motherboard is not present on the @BIOS server site, please manually download the BIOS update file from GIGABYTE's website and follow the instructions in "Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function" below.

2. Update BIOS from File Digital Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function:

Click **Update BIOS from File**, then select the location where you save the BIOS update file obtained from the Internet or through other source. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.

- 3. Save the Current BIOS File: Click Save Current BIOS to File to save the current BIOS file.
- 4. Select the Load CMOS default after BIOS update Load BIOS Defaults after BIOS Update: Select the Load CMOS default after BIOS update check box and then the system will automatically load BIOS defaults after BIOS update and after the system restarts.

C. After Updating the BIOS

Restart your system after updating the BIOS.



Make sure that the BIOS file to be flashed matches your motherboard model. Updating the BIOS with an incorrect BIOS file could cause your system not to boot.

4-3 EasyTune 6

GIGABYTE's EasyTune 6 is a simple and easy-to-use interface that allows users to fine-tune their system settings or do overclock/overvoltage in Windows environment. The user-friendly EasyTune 6 interface also includes tabbed pages for CPU and memory information, letting users read their system-related information without the need to install additional software.

The EasyTune 6 Interface



Tabs Information

Tab	Function
CPU	The CPU tab provides information on the installed CPU and motherboard.
Memory	The Memory tab provides information on the installed memory module(s). You can select memory module on a specific slot to see its information.
O Tuner	 The Tuner tab allows you to change memory settings and voltages. Quick Boost mode provides you with 3 levels of CPU frequency/base clock to choose to achieve desired system performance. After making changes in Quick Boost mode or clicking Default to restore to default values, be sure to restart your system for these changes to take effect. Easy mode provides information on CPU/memory. Advanced mode allows you to individually change system clock settings and voltages settings using the sliders. Save allows you to save the current settings to a new profile (.txt file). Load allows you to load previous settings from a profile. After making changes in Easy mode/Advanced mode, be sure to click Set for these changes to take effect or click Default to restore to default values.
Graphics	The Graphics tab allows you to change the core clock and memory clock for your ATI or NVIDIA graphics card.
🌍 Smart	The Smart tab allows you to specify a Smart Fan mode. Smart Fan Advanced mode allows the fan speed to be changed linearly based on the temperature thresholds you set.
HW Monitor	The HW Monitor tab allows you to monitor hardware temperature, voltage and fan speed and set temperature/fan speed alarm. You can choose the alert sound from the buzzer or use your own sound file (.wav file).

Carrier Construction

Available functions in EasyTune 6 may differ by motherboard model. Grayed-out area(s) indicates that the item is not configurable or the function is not supported.



Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to the hardware components such as CPU, chipset, and memory and reduce the useful life of these components. Before you do the overclock/overvoltage, make sure that you fully know each function of EasyTune 6, or system instability or other unexpected results may occur.

Unique Features

4-4 Q-Share

Q-Share is an easy and convenient data sharing tool. After configuring your LAN connection settings and Q-Share, you are able to share your data with computers on the same network, making full use of Internet resources.

GIGABYTE	
	Q-Share
	Ver.1.2

Directions for using Q-Share

After installing Q-Share from the motherboard driver disk, go to Start>All Programs>GIGABYTE>Q-Share.exe to launch the Q-Share tool. Find the **Q-Share** icon is in the notification area and right-click on this icon to configure the data sharing settings.



Figure 1. Data Sharing Disabled

Figure 2. Data Sharing Enabled

Options Descriptions

Option	Description
Connect	Displays the computers with data sharing enabled
Enable Incoming Folder	Enables data sharing
Disable Incoming Folder	Disables data sharing
Open Incoming Folder :	Accesses the shared data folder
C:\Q-ShareFolder	
Change Incoming Folder :	Changes the data folder to be shared (Note)
C:\Q-ShareFolder	
Update Q-Share	Updates Q-Share online
About Q-Share	Displays the current Q-Share version
Exit	Exits Q-Share

(Note) This option is available only when data sharing is NOT enabled.

4-5 Smart 6[™]

GIGABYTE Smart 6th (Note 1) is designed with user-friendliness in mind, and offers a combination of 6 innovative software utilities that provide easier and smarter PC system management. Smart 6th allows you to speed up system performance, reduce boot-up time, manage a secure platform and recover specified files easily with a click of the mouse button.





SMART QuickBoot

SMART QuickBoot speeds up the system boot-up process and shortens the waiting time for entering the operating system, delivering greater efficiency for daily use.

5 QuickBoot
Enable
Enable

Instructions:

Select the Enable check box below the BIOS QuickBoot or OS QuickBoot item and then click Save to save the settings.



SMART QuickBoost

SMART QuickBoost features quick and effortless CPU overclocking for novice and experienced users alike; users simply click on one of the three levels of CPU performance enhancement, and SMART QuickBoost automatically adjusts CPU performance.



Instructions:

Select a CPU performance boost level and restart your computer for the changes to take effect.



Whether all SMART 6 functions are supported depends on the motherboard model.

Unique Features



SMART Recovery 2

Smart Recovery 2 allows you to back up a partition as an image file every hour. You can use these images to restore your system or files when needed.

Smart Recovery	2
<u> </u>	
Settings	
Select the source and destination partitions.	
	Settings
Backup	
Name:	Backup Now
Free Space:	
Oldest Backup:	
Latest Backup:	
Next Backup: No backup destination!	
Recovery	
Recover your file from the backup image.	File Recovery
Recover your computer from the backup image.	System Recovery

The Smart Recovery 2 main menu:

Button	Function
Settings	Allows you to select the source and destination partition
Backup Now	Allows you to perform the backup immediately
File Recovery	Allows you to recover your files from the backup image
System	Allows you to recover your system from the backup
Recovery	image



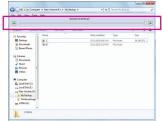
• Supported operating systems: Windows 7 and Vista.

- Smart Recovery 2 only supports NTFS file system.
- You need to select the destination partition in Settings the first time you use Smart Recovery 2.
- The Backup Now button will be available only after you log in Windows for ten minutes.

Felect the backup source.		
Drive	Total Space	U
B WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 ATA Device	74.529GB	
- CA []	34.081GB	
- EV EA []	40.349GB	
HDS722580VLSA80 ATA Device	76.692GB	
FA [New Volume]	76.689GB	
•		
elect the backup destination.		_
Relect the backup destination. Drive	Total Space	
Drive	74.529GB	_
Belect the backup destination. Drive B-DBWDC WD800/D-22LSA0 ATA Device C-DBW EA(1)	74.529GB 40.349GB	_
Belect the backup destination. Drive Drive WDC WD8000D-221540 ATA Device Drive Drive	74.529GB 40.349GB 76.692GB	_
B DE WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 ATA Device	74.529GB 40.349GB	_
Belect the backup destination. Drive Drive WDC WD8000D-221540 ATA Device Drive Drive	74.529GB 40.349GB 76.692GB	_

Creating a backup:

Click the **Settings** button on the main menu. In the **Settings** dialog box, select the source partition and destination partition and click **OK**. The initial backup will start after 10 minutes and regular backup will be performed hourly. Note: By default, all partitions on the system drive are selected as the backup source. The backup destination cannot be on the same partition as the backup source.



Recovering a file:

Click the **File Recovery** button on the main menu. Use the time slider on the top of the popped out window to select a previous backup time. The right pane will display the backed-up partitions in the backup destination (in the **My Backup** folder). Browse to the file you want and copy it.

Smart Recovery 2	
Smart Reco	very 2
Backup Location	
Select the partition where the backup is loc	ated.
D:\ [New Volume] [Size: 76GB]	
Backup Timeline	
1/20/2010 8:02 PM	
1/20/2010 8:02 PM	1/20/2010 4:43 AM
Partition to restore	
Select the partition where you want to rest default, all of the backed-up partitions will l	
☑ C:\[] ☑ E:\[]	
All of the user data and programs will be erat on the selected backup. Make sure to back u restoration if needed.	
Restore Cancel	GIGABYTE

Recovering your system with Smart Recovery 2 (Windows 7 only): Steps:

- 1. Click the System Recovery button on the main menu.
- 2. Select the partition where your backup is saved.
- 3. Use the time slider to select a time point.
- 4. Select a partition backup created on the selected time point and click **Restore**.
- Confirm whether to restart your system to proceed with the restore immediately or later. Once you respond "Yes" the system will restart to the Windows recovery environment. Follow the onscreen instructions to restore your system.



- For Windows Vista, refer to the steps below to use the original Windows installation disk for system recovery.
- All of your files and programs will be deleted and replaced with those on the selected backup. If needed, be sure to make a copy of your data before the restore.

Recovering your system using the original Windows installation disk:

In case Windows or your hard drive has serious errors, use the original Windows installation disk for system recovery. Steps:

- 1. Restart your computer to boot from the original Windows installation disk.
- 2. When the Windows installation screen appears, select your language and click Next.
- 3. Select Repair your computer.
- 4. Select Restore your computer using a system image that you created earlier and then click Next.

5. Select the backup you want to use and then follow the on-screen instructions to complete.

For further instructions, refer to the Help file of Smart Recovery 2.



SMART DualBIOS

SMART DualBIOS is a new feature that can record personal passwords and important dates, and remind users of the dates. It also stores the recorded data in the main and backup BIOS simultaneously, which can prevent loss of the data in case the system/hard drive fails.

Sr	mart DualBIOS
Password	d Date
Password	Description
1 abc12345	ABC Bank
2 gwe5678	EMAIL
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
в	
9	
10	
11	
12	

Instructions:

Enter the Smart 6[™] password to launch the SMART DualBIOS utility. You can record personal passwords and important dates and set reminders of these dates. Click **Save** to save the settings and click **Exit** to exit.

Unique Features



SMART Recorder

SMART Recorder monitors and records the activities in a system such as the time when the computer was turned on/off or even when large data files were moved within the hard drive or copied to an external storage device (Note 2).

Smart	Recorder
ON/OFF Recorder	File Monitor
On Time	Off Time
19/06/09 10:59	19/06/09 11:00
19/06/09 12:04	19/06/09 13:14
19/06/09 13:15	19/06/09 13:17
19/06/09 11:05	19/06/09 12:02
19/06/09 11:01	19/06/09 11:05

Instructions:

Select the Enable check box at the bottom of the ON/OFF Recorder or File Monitor tab to enable the recording of system on/off time or files copying. Entering the Smart 6[™] password is required before you make any changes to the previous settings.



SMART TimeLock

SMART TimeLock allows users to effectively manage computer usage time with simple rules and options.



Instructions (Note 3):

Click the lock icon in the bottom left corner and enter the Smart 6[™] password. Set the time when a user can or cannot use your computer for weekdays and weekends. Click **Save** to save the settings and click **Exit** to exit.



The Smart TimeLock Alert:

An alert will appear 15 minutes and 1 minute prior to the default shutdown time. When the alert appears, you can enter the Smart 6^m password to extend the usage time or click **Cancel** to close the alert. If you respond **Cancel**, you will be requested to enter the password to extend the usage time again when the default shutdown time arrives, or the computer will shutdown right away.

- (Note 1) When launching Smart 6[∞] for the first time, the system will request you to set up a password. This password is required when you activate SMART DualBIOS or when you want to make changes to the SMART Recorder or SMART TimeLock settings.
- (Note 2) You will not be able to use the "Safely Remove Hardware" feature in the operating system with SMART Recorder enabled. To remove an external storage device, unplug it directly from your computer (please note that doing so may result in damage to the hardware device or loss of data).
- (Note 3) You can set the User Password in the system BIOS Setup program to prevent the system time being changed by other users.

4-6 eXtreme Hard Drive (X.H.D)



With GIGABYTE eXtreme Hard Drive (X.H.D) (Note 1), users can quickly configure a RAIDready system for RAID 0 when a new SATA drive is added. For a RAID 0 array that already exists, users also can use X.H.D to easily add a hard drive into the array to expand its capacity. All with a simple click of a button, X.H.D helps to enhance your hard drive read/ write performance without the need for complex and time-consuming configurations. The

following procedure details the steps to set up a RAID-ready system and configure it for RAID 0.

A. Setting Up a RAID-Ready System

Step 1: Configure the system BIOS Enter the system BIOS Setup program to enable RAID for the Intel SATA controllers.

Step 2: Install the RAID driver and operating system

The X.H.D utility supports Windows 7/Vista/XP. Before installing the operating system, you have to load the SATA controller driver first. Without the driver, the hard drive may not be recognized during the Windows setup process. (For more details, refer to Chapter 5, "Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System.")

Step 3: Install the motherboard drivers and the X.H.D utility

After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk. You can click the Xpress Install All button to automatically install all motherboard drivers, including the X.H.D utility. Or you can go to the Application Software screen to individually install the X.H.D utility later.

B. Using GIGABYTE eXtreme Hard Drive (X.H.D)



Instructions (Note 2):

Before launching X.H.D, make sure the newly added harddrive has equal or greater capacity than the RAID-ready system drive. (To add a new hard drive into a RAID 0 array that's been created earlier, make sure the new drive is greater than or equal to the biggest drive in the array.)

1. To automatically set up a RAID 0 array: Click Auto to automatically and quickly set up a RAID 0 array.

Manual To manually set up a RAID array (Note 3): Click Manual to access the Intel Rapid Storage Technology, with which you can build a RAID 0, RAID 1, or other supported RAID array depending on your needs and hardware components.

- 3. Cancel Exits the X.H.D utility: Click Cancel to exit the X.H.D utility.
- (Note 1) The X.H.D utility only supports the SATA controllers integrated in the Intel Chipset.
- (Note 2) It is recommended that before you run the X.H.D utility, back up all of your data to avoid risk of hardware damage or lost of data.
- (Note 3) If you manually build a non-RAID 0 array, you'll not be able to automatically set up a RAID 0 array later using the **Auto** function.

4-7 Cloud OC



Cloud OC (Note 1) is an easy-to-use overclocking utility designed for system overclocking via virtually any Internet-connected device, such as a smart phone, iPhone, notebook PC, etc. By simply connecting to an Internet browser via LAN, wireless LAN, or Bluetooth

(Note 2) and logging in to the Cloud OC server, you can easily access three major functions of Cloud OC, including Tuner (system tweaking), System Info (system monitoring), and Control (system status control).

A. Launching Cloud OC

Step 1:

The first time you launch Cloud OC, the system will request you to set up a password which will be required for login to the Cloud OC server.

Step 2:



Find the **Cloud OC** icon Pint the notification area and right click the icon to select **Start Server** to launch the Cloud OC server. The Cloud OC server will provide a dedicated IP and you can enter this IP address in an Internet-connected browser to log in to the Cloud OC server later.



When the Cloud OC web page appears, click Login, enter the previously configured password, and then click Send and you will be able to view

your system status.

B. Directions for use (Note 3)



Tuner (System Tweaking):

The **Tuner** tab provides a full range of tweaking options that include CPU, memory, graphics, and PCIe frequencies and voltages. Click the <+> or <-> button under an item you want to configure or directly enter a value, and click **Set XXXX** to complete.



🖒 Restart

😳 Sus

System Info (System Monitoring):

The System Info tab enables real time PC system status monitoring for values such as CPU temperature, cooling fan speeds, CPU VCore and system temperature.

 Control (System Status Control): The Control tab allows for controlling system power states with restart, power off, suspend, and hibernate options.

- (Note 1) Supported on Windows 7, Vista, and XP. For Windows XP, be sure to update Internet Explorer to version 7.0 or later. When using Cloud OC, make sure the Internet connection is normal. Cloud OC will be unable to connect to the remote computer when the Internet is disconnected or when the remote computer is in power off, standby, or hibernation mode.
- (Note 2) Bluetooth PAN (Personal Area Network) support is required.
- (Note 3) Available functions may differ by motherboard model.

4-8 TouchBIOS

TouchBIOS allows you to configure your BIOS settings in Windows environment with a click of your mouse and a touch of your screen.

The TouchBIOS Interface



Button Information Table

Button	Description	Button	Description
	Allows you to change CPU ratio, BCLK, memory speed, Vcore and memory voltages.		Allows you to configure Integrated Peripherals settings.
	Allows you to configure Advanced BIOS Features.		Allows you to configure Power Management settings.
	Enables QuickBoost utility. Provides quick and effortless CPU overclocking for novice and experienced users alike.		Loads Optimized Defaults.
	Displays system health status, including system temperature, fan speeds, and voltage values.		
0	Enables @BIOS utility to update the BIOS.		

Chapter 5 Appendix

5-1 Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)

RAID Levels:

	RAID 0	RAID 1	RAID 5	RAID 10
Minimum Number of Hard Drives	≥2	2	≥3	≥4
Array Capacity	Number of hard drives * Size of the smallest drive	Size of the smallest drive	(Number of hard drives -1) * Size of the smallest drive	(Number of hard drives/2) * Size of the smallest drive
Fault Tolerance	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

To configure SATA hard drive(s), follow the steps below:

- A. Install SATA hard drive(s) in your computer.
- B. Configure SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup.
- C. Configure a RAID array in RAID BIOS. (Note 1)
- D. Install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system. (Note 2)

Before you begin

Please prepare:

- At least two SATA hard drives (to ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). If you do not want to create RAID, you may prepare only one hard drive.
- Windows 7/Vista/XP (Note 3) setup disk.
- Motherboard driver disk.
- A USB floppy disk drive (needed during Windows XP installation) (Note 3)
- An empty formatted floppy disk (needed during Windows XP installation) (Note 3)

5-1-1 Configuring Intel X79 SATA Controllers

A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. If there is more than one SATA controller on your motherboard, refer to "Chapter 1," "Hardware Installation," to identify the SATA controller for the SATA port. (For example, on this motherboard, the SATA3 0/1 ^(Note 4) and SATA2 2/3/4/5 ports are supported by the X79 Chipset.) Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

- (Note 1) Skip this step if you do not want to create RAID array on the SATA controller.
- (Note 2) Required when the SATA controller is set to AHCI or RAID mode.
- (Note 3) The X79 SATA RAID/AHCI driver does not support Windows XP 32-bit. To install Windows XP 64bit, search for the installation instructions on the **Support & Downloads\FAQ** page on our website.
- (Note 4) When a RAID set is built across the SATA 6Gb/s and SATA 3Gb/s channels, the system performance of the RAID set may vary depending on the devices being connected.

B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup.

Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). To create RAID, set Intel SATA Controller Mode under the Peripherals menu to RAID Mode (Figure 1) (AHCI mode by default). If you do not want to create RAID, set this item to IDE Mode or AHCI Mode.



Figure 1

Step 2: Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.



The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

C. Configuring a RAID array in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed with the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

Step 1:

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-I> to enter Configuration Utility" (Figure 2). Press <Ctrl> + <I> to enter the RAID Configuration Utility.

	Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.0.0.1184 Copyright(C) 2003-11 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.					
	RAID Volumes : None defined.					
ID I						

Figure 2

Step 2:

After you press <Ctrl> + <l>, the MAIN MENU screen will appear (Figure 3).

Create RAID Volume

If you want to create a RAID array, select Create RAID Volume in MAIN MENU and press < Enter>.

	Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.0.0.1184 Copyright(C) 2003-11 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.				
	[MAIN MENU] 1. Create RAID Volume 3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID 2. Delete RAID Volume 4. Exit				
Non	RAID Volumes : None defined. Physical Deivces : ID Device Model Serial # Size Type/Status(Vol ID) 0 ST3120026AS 3JT354CP 1 ST3120026AS 3JT329JX 111.7GB Non-RAID Disk 1				
	[↑↓]-Select	[ESC]-Exit		[ENTER]-Select Menu	
		Eiguro	2		

Figure 3

Step 3:

After entering the **CREATE VOLUME MENU** screen, enter a volume name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) under the **Name** item and press <Enter>. Then, select a RAID level (Figure 4). RAID levels supported include RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 (the selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed). Press <Enter> to proceed.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.0.0.1184 Copyright(C) 2003-11 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.			
	Name : RAID Level :		
		Create Volume	
	[HE	LP]	
RAID0: Stripes data (performance).			
[↑↓]-Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select
	Figu	re 4	

Step 4:

Under **Disks** item, select the hard drives to be included in the RAID array. If only two hard drives are installed, they will be automatically assigned to the array. Set the stripe block size (Figure 5) if necessary. The stripe block size can be set from 4 KB to 128 KB. Once you have selected the stripe block size, press <Enter>.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.0.0.1184 Copyright(C) 2003-11 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.				
	Name : RAID Level :			
		Create Volume		
[HELP] = The following are typical values: RAID0 - 128KB RAID10 - 64KB RAID5 - 64KB				
[↑↓]-Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select	
Figure 5				

Step 5:

Enter the array capacity and press <Enter>. Finally press <Enter> on the Create Volume item to begin creating the RAID array. When prompted to confirm whether to create this volume, press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel (Figure 6).

			erprise - SATA Option ROM - 3.0.0 orporation. All Rights Reserved.	.1184
		Name : RAID Level :	Select Disks 128 KB	
	WAR		LECTED DISKS WILL BE LOST. create this volume? (Y/N) :	
		Press ENTER to creat	e the specified volume.	
[↑	↓]-Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select
			<u>^</u>	



When completed, you can see detailed information about the RAID array in the DISK/VOLUME INFORMA-TION section, including the RAID level, stripe block size, array name, and array capacity, etc. (Figure 7)

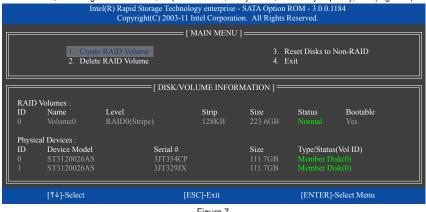


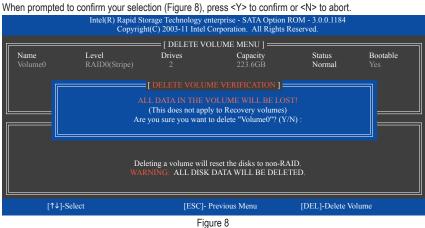
Figure 7

To exit the RAID BIOS utility, press <Esc> or select 4. Exit in MAIN MENU.

Now, you can proceed to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system.

Delete RAID Volume

To delete a RAID array, select **Delete RAID Volume** in **MAIN MENU** and press <Enter>. In the **DELETE VOLUME MENU** section, use the up or down arrow key to select the array to be deleted and press <Delete>.



5-1-2 Configuring Marvell 88SE9172 SATA Controllers

A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. The Marvell 88SE9172 SATA controllers control the onboard GSATA3 6~9 and eSATA connectors. Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

B. Configuring SATA controller and RAID mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup.

Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. To create RAID, go to Peripherals and set GSATA Controller on the Marvell ATA Controller Configuration submenu to RAID Mode (Figure 2) (AHCI mode by default). If you do not want to create RAID, set this item to IDE Mode or AHCI Mode.





The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.



Figure 2



The first **GSATA Controller** item controls the "GSATA3 6" and "GSATA3 7" connectors. The second **GSATA Controller** item controls the "GSATA3 8" and "GSATA3 9" connectors. The third **GSATA Controller** item controls the eSATA ports on the back panel.

Step 2:

Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.

C. Configuring a RAID array in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed to the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl>+ <M> to enter BIOS Setup or <Space> to continue" (Figure 3). Press <Ctrl> + <M> to enter the RAID setup utility

tel the MAID St	etup utility.		
Marvell 88SE PCIe x2 5.0G Mode: RAID [Virtual Disks No Virtual [Physical Disl Adapter 0	;] Disk!		
Port	Disk Name	Size	Max Speed
S0	SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0	76.3GB	SATA 3Gb/s
S1	SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0	76.3GB	SATA 3Gb/s
Press <ctrl>-</ctrl>	+ <m> to enter BIOS Setup or <space> to co</space></m>	ntinue_	
	F	igure 3	

Appendix

	Marvell BIOS Setup ((c) 2009 Marvell Technology Group Ltd.
[Adapter] [[Devices] [RAID]
Adapter 0		
BIOS PCI IRQ		.0.1.0025
ENTER/SPACE: Select, ESC:	Back/Exit	

On the main screen of the RAID setup utility (Figure 4), use the left or right arrow key to move through tabs.

Figure 4

Create a RAID Array:

Step 1: On the main screen, press <Enter> on the RAID tab. Then the RAID Config menu appears (Figure 5). Press <Enter> on the Create VD item.

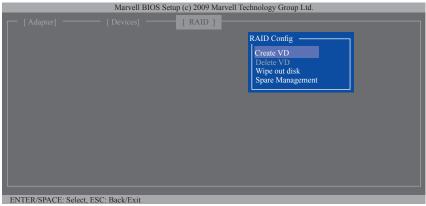


Figure 5

Step 2: The next screen displays the two hard drives you installed. Press <Enter> or <Space> on the two hard drives respectively to add them into the RAID array. Selected hard drives are marked with an asterisk (Figure 6). Then press <Enter> on **NEXT**.

lapter][Devices][RAID] RAID Config Select free disks to create Yvii Dick Name * S0 SATA: WDC WD800ID-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE * S1 SATA: WDC WD800ID-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE NEXT	Marven BIOS Setup (c)	2009 Marvell Technolo	gy Group Ltd.	
Select free disks to create Size Mix Sixed Sizes Port Diffs Name Size Mix Sixed Sizes * S0 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE * S1 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE	dapter] [Devices] [1	RAID]		
Port Disk Nume Size Max Speed Status * S0 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE * S1 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE		R.	AID Config 📃	
* S0 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE * S1 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE	Select free disks to create			
* S1 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE	Port Disk Name	Size	Max Speed	Status
	* S0 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA	A0 76.3GB	SATA 3Gb/s	FREE
NEXT	* S1 SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA	A0 76.3GB	SATA 3Gb/s	FREE
	NEXT			

Figure 6

Step 3: On the **Create VD** menu (Figure 7), use the up or down arrow key to move the selection bar to select an item and press <Enter> to display options. Set the required items in sequence and press the down arrow key to proceed to the next item.

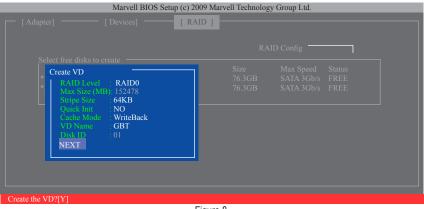
Sequence:

- 1. RAID Level: Select a RAID level. Options include RAID 0 (Stripe) and RAID 1 (Mirror).
- 2. Stripe Size: Select the stripe block size. Options include 32 KB, 64 KB, and 128 KB.
- 3. Quick Init: Select whether to quickly erase old data on the hard drives when creating the array.
- 4. Cache Mode: Select write-back or write-through cache.
- 5. VD Name: Enter an array name with 1~10 letters (letters cannot be special characters).

Marvell BIOS Setu	p (c) 2009 Marvell Technology Group Ltd.
[Adapter] [Devices]	[RAID]
	RAID Config
Select free disks to create Create VD ALL Level : RAID0 Mass Sire (MB) : I52478 Stripe Size : 64KB Quick Init : NO Create Node : WriteBack VD Name : Disks ID : 01 NEXT	Size Max Speed Status 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE 76.3GB SATA 3Gb/s FREE
ENTER/SPACE: Select_ESC: Back/Exit	

Figure 7

6. NEXT: After completing the settings above, move to NEXT and press <Enter> to begin creating the array. When prompted to confirm, press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel (Figure 8).





When completed, the RAID tab will display the new array. (Figure 9)

[Adapter]		Marvell BIO	/		nnology Group L	td.	
	GBT	152.4GB	RAID0	ONLINE	64KB	WriteBack	
Port S0	Disk Nam SATA · W	C DC WD800JD-2	2LSA0	Size 76.3GB	Max Speed SATA 3Gb/s	Status ASSIGNED	
S1		DC WD800JD-2		76.3GB			
·							
ENTER/SPACE	E: Select, ESO	C: Back/Exit					

Figure 9

To exit the RAID BIOS utility, press <Esc> on the main screen and press <Y> to confirm. Now, you can proceed to install the operating system.

Delete the RAID Array:

To deleted the existing array, press <Enter> on the RAID tab and select **Delete VD**. When the **Delete VD** menu appears, press <Enter> on the array to select it and then press <Enter> on **NEXT**. When prompted, press <Y> to confirm (Figure 10). When the message "Do you want to delete the VD's MBR?" appears, press <Y> to clear the MBR or press other keys to ignore.

		Ma	rvell BIOS Setup	o (c) 2009 Mar	vell Technology	/ Group Ltd.		
				[RAID]				
						D Config 🗕		
	Delete VD							
	ID	Name	Size	Level	Status	Stripe	CacheMode	
	* 0	GBT	152.4GB	RAID0	ONLINE	64KB	WriteBack	
	NEXT							
Create	the VD?[Y]							

Figure 10

Use the Marvell Storage Utility in the Operating System:

With the Marvell Storage utility, you can set up an array or view the current array status in the operating system. To install the utility, insert the motherboard driver disk, then go to **Application Software\Install Application Software** and select **Marvell Storage Utility** to install. Note: After the installation, you must login the utility with the same account name and password that you use to login the operating system. If you did not set the account password before, click **Login** to enter the Marvell Storage Utility directly. Please note that if you set the hard drive(s) to IDE or AHCI mode, it is normal that you will not see the hard drive(s) in the Marvell Storage Utility.

5-1-3 Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System

With the correct BIOS settings, you are ready to install the operating system.

A. Installing Windows 7/Vista

(The following instructions use Windows 7 as the example operating system.)

Step 1:

Boot from the Windows 7/Vista setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When you arrive at the "Where do you want to install Windows?" screen, select **Load Driver**.

Step 2:

Insert the motherboard driver disk and then browse to the location of the driver. The locations of the drivers are as follows:

For the Intel X79: RAID/AHCI driver for Windows 32-Bit:\BootDrv\iRST\32Bit RAID/AHCI driver for Windows 64-Bit:\BootDrv\iRST\64Bit

For the Marvell 88SE9172:

RAID driver for Windows 32-bit: \BootDrv\Marvell\RAID\i386 RAID driver for Windows 64-bit: \BootDrv\Marvell\RAID\amd64 AHCI driver for Windows 32-bit: \BootDrv\Marvell\AHCI\Floppy32 AHCI driver for Windows 64-bit: \BootDrv\Marvell\AHCI\Floppy64

Step 3:

For Intel X79, select Intel(R) C600 Series Chipset SATA RAID Controller (Figure 1). For Marvell 88SE9172, select Marvell 91xx SATA 6G RAID Controller (Figure 2). Click Next to load the driver and continue the OS installation.

😧 🏘 Install Windows	🖉 🊱 狩 Install Windows
Select the driver to be installed.	Select the driver to be installed.
Inter(R) C600 Series Chipset SATA RAID Controller (G:\BootDrv\/RST\328it)aStorA.inf)	Marvell 91xx SATA 6G RAID Controller <d-\bootdr-\marvel\raid\j386\mv91xxr.inf)< th=""></d-\bootdr-\marvel\raid\j386\mv91xxr.inf)<>
_	
Hide drivers that are not compatible with hardware on this computer.	✓ Hide drivers that are not compatible with hardware on this computer.
Bronse Bescan Next	Brgmse <u>B</u> escan <u>Next</u>
Figure 1	Figure 2

B. Installing Windows XP (For the Marvell 88SE9172) (Note)

Before installing Windows XP, connect a USB floppy disk drive to your computer first because you need to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver from a floppy disk that contains the driver during the OS installation. Without the driver, the hard drive(s) may not be recognized during the Windows setup process. First, copy the driver from the motherboard driver disk to a floppy disk. Refer to the methods below.

Method A:

- For RAID mode, copy all files in the \BootDrv\Marvell\RAID\Floppy32 folder to your floppy disk. To
 install Windows 64-Bit, copy the files in the Floppy64 folder.
- For AHCI mode, depending on whether you want to install the 32- or 64-bit version, copy the files in the AHCI\Floppy32 or AHCI\Floppy64 folder.

Method B:

Steps:

- 1: Use an alternative system and insert the motherboard driver disk.
- 2: From your optical drive folder, double click the **Menu.exe** file in the **BootDrv** folder. A Command Prompt window will open similar to that in Figure 3.
- 3: Insert the blank formatted disk (if you're using a USB floppy disk drive, make sure it is designated as drive A). Select the controller driver by pressing the corresponding letter from the menu and press <Enter>. For example, from the menu in Figure 3, select 7) Marvell RAID driver. (For AHCI drive(s), select Marvell AHCI driver.)

Your system will then automatically copy the driver files to the floppy disk. Press any key to exit when finished.

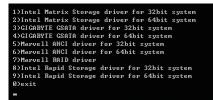


Figure 3

(Note) The X79 SATA RAID/AHCI driver does not support Windows XP 32-bit. To install Windows XP 64bit, search for the installation instructions on the **Support & Downloads\FAQ** page on our website. Refer to the following for installing the driver during the Windows setup process.

Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows XP setup disk and press <F6> as soon as you see the message "Press F6 if you need to install a 3rd party SCSI or RAID driver." A screen will then appear asking you to specify an additional SCSI adapter. Press <S>.

Step 2:

Insert the floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and press <Enter>. Select either the 32-bit or 64bit items depending on whether you want to install the 32-bit or 64-bit version of Windows XP (Figure 4). Both of the **Marvell shared library** and **Marvell 91xx SATA Controller** need to be installed. Below we assume that you are installing the 32-bit version. First select **Marvell shared library for 32bit (install first)** and press <Enter>. On the next screen, press <S> to return to the screen in Figure 4. Then select **Marvell 91xx SATA Controller 32bit Driver** and press <Enter>. When both of the two drivers appear on the confirmation screen, press <Enter> to continue the driver installation.

Windows Setup	
	e chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows, device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer.
	the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list, or press ESC to the previous screen.
	Marvell shared library for 32bit (install first) Marvell 91xx SATA Controller 32bit Driver Marvell shared library for 64bit (install first) Marvell 91xx SATA Controller 64bit Driver
ENTER=Select	F3=Exit

Figure 4

Step 3:

On the next screen, press <Enter> to continue the driver installation. After the driver installation, you can proceed with the Windows XP installation.

C. Rebuilding an Array

Rebuilding is the process of restoring data to a hard drive from other drives in the array. Rebuilding applies only to fault-tolerant arrays such as RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10 arrays. The procedures below assume a new drive is added to replace a failed drive to rebuild a RAID 1 array. (Note: The new drive must have equal or greater capacity than the old one.)

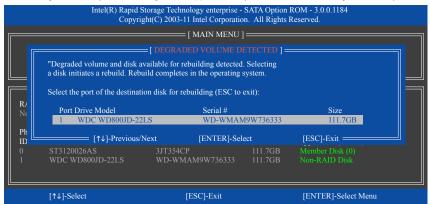
For the Intel X79:

Turn off your computer and replace the failed hard drive with a new one. Restart your computer.

· Enabling Automatic Rebuild

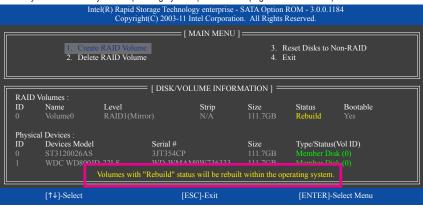
Step 1:

When the message "Press <Ctrl-I> to enter Configuration Utility" appears, press <Ctrl> + <I> to enter the RAID Configuration Utility. The following screen appears after you enter the RAID Configuration Utility.



Step 2:

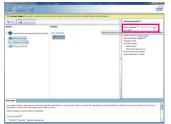
Select the new hard drive to add into the array to be rebuilt and press <Enter>. The following screen appears, indicating that an automatic rebuild will be performed after you enter the operating system. You can access **Intel Rapid Storage Technology enterprise** from **All Programs** in the **Start** menu. You will see that the status of the array displays as **Rebuilding**. If you do not enable automatic rebuild on this stage, you have to manually rebuild the array in the operating system (see the next page for more details).



Appendix

· Performing the Rebuild in the Operating System

While in the operating system, make sure the Chipset driver and Intel Rapid Storage Technology Enterprise RAID Port Drivers have been installed from the motherboard driver disk. Then launch Intel Rapid Storage Technology enterprise from All Programs in the Start menu.



Step 1:

On the right panel of the screen, click **Rebuild** to another disk under Volume Properties.



The **Status** item on the right of the screen and the **Information** section on the bottom display the rebuild progress.



Step 2:

Select a new drive to rebuild the RAID and click **Rebuild**.





After the RAID volume rebuilding, the **Status** will display as **Normal**.

For the Marvell 88SE9172:

Turn off your computer and replace the failed hard drive with a new one. Restart your computer. To enable an automatic rebuild in the operating system, you have to set the new hard drive as a Spare drive in the RAID setup utility first.

• Enabling Automatic Rebuild

Step 1:

When the message "Press <Ctrl>+<M> to enter BIOS Setup or <Space> to continue" appears, press <Ctrl> + <M> to enter the RAID setup utility. On the main screen, press <Enter> on the **RAID** tab and then press <Enter> on **Spare Management**.

		Marvell BIOS	Setup (c) 2009 Marvell 1	Fechnology Group Ltd.	
Ī	- [Adapter]	Marvell BIOS	Setup (c) 2009 Marvell	RAID Config Create VD Delete VD Wipe out disk Spare Management	
E	NTER/SPACE: Solor	t ESC: Dook/Exit	_		

Step 2:

The new hard drive will be displayed on the screen. Press <Enter> or <Space> on the new hard drive to select it and then press <Enter> on **NEXT**. When prompted, press <Y> to confirm. The new hard drive is now set as a Spare drive.

	Marvell BIOS Setup (c) 2009 Ma	arvell Technology G	roup Ltd.	
[Adapter]	[Devices] [RAID]			
			RAID Config	
Spare Man	agement Disk Name		Max Speed Status	
* S0	SATA: WDC WD800JD-22LSA0	76.3GB	SATA 3Gb/s FREE	
NEXT				
ENTER/SPACE: Select.	ESC: Dook/Exit	_		

Step 3:

Make sure you have installed the Marvell RAID driver and Marvell Storage Utility from the motherboard driver disk. While in the operating system, launch the Marvell Storage Utility from Start\All Programs\Marvell Storage Utility/Marvell Tray, right-click on the 🚾 icon in the notification area, and select **Open MSU**. Then login the Marvell Storage Utility.

Under Virtual Disk 0, the Property tab displays the rebuild progress on the right of the Background Activity Progress item, indicating that the RAID volume is being rebuilt. When completed, the status will display as Done.

* #1000	(Lased)						
	tarvell S		(Operation)	tice)			
(a	el Storage In	repartent					Contrati Contrati
Devi	11		10		0		
	C. Vince Del		Name				
		THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF	ANDLevel		8480.1		
	1-4	Provide Disks of	100.4		Depredent		
		Provid Data and	Gen		74.5.00		
	Physical D	that mined Data: port (Number Court		2		
	120	nial Dati pot t					
	internet.		Background Activity Prog			275 1050	
	80x 50*e						
-							
	BON DUTHO	Line Secting	me 13)	م سی			
Ever	BON DUTHO	in 13/Tetal Even Cless	Time			Description	
ever ever	tion tored	inte Secting				Description	
Ever	ton tores	in 13/Tetal Even Cless	Time	Rebuild dak on vin Rebuild dak on vin	usl dek 0 is 33% done		

· Manually Rebuilding RAID 1 in the Operating System

You can manually rebuild a RAID 1 array without setting the new hard drive as a Spare drive in the RAID setup utility first. While in the operating system, open the Marvell Storage Utility and login.

Step 1:

Under Virtual Disk 0, click the $\ensuremath{\text{Operation}}$ tab and select $\ensuremath{\text{Rebuild}}.$



Step 2:

The screen will display the new hard drive. Click on the hard drive to select it and click the **Submit** button to begin the rebuild.

Admi	(Lessel)			
M	arvell 2	tormae (Property) (mouth	and a local data and a
-	al Dorage II	repenent C	And a second	This operation will rebuild with selected Physical Disk on the Metaol Disk (same)
		Conception of Conception	aja	
1-1	final lipit SOA Silvei			
-	final tool SON Dates		15:18) Time	
Ever	BOLDOW BOLDOW BOLDOW	in bring in 10/Tetal Event Class idapter Evert	Time 81,00/2003 02:24	Description adapter b un as non-tache mode, cause lacix enough menory
Ľ	t Logs(1 hdupter	in Deling In SB/Tetal Event Class	Timo	Description

5-2 Configuring Audio Input and Output

5-2-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio

The motherboard provides five audio jacks on the back panel which support 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel $^{\rm (Note)}$ audio. The picture to the right shows the default audio jack assignments.

The integrated HD (High Definition) audio provides jack retasking capability that allows the user to change the function for each jack through the audio driver.



For example, in a 4-channel audio configuration, if a Side speaker is plugged into the default Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack, you can retask the Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack to be Side speaker out.



- To install a microphone, connect your microphone to the Mic in jack and manually configure the jack for microphone functionality.
- To configure 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio, you have to retask one of the audio jacks to be Side speaker out through the audio driver.
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to instructions on the next page.

High Definition Audio (HD Audio)

HD Audio includes multiple high quality digital-to-analog converters (DACs) that support 44.1KHz/48KHz/ 96KHz/192KHz sampling rate. HD Audio features multistreaming capabilities that allow multiple audio streams (in and out) to be simultaneously processed. For example, users can listen to MP3 music, have an Internet chat, make a telephone call over the Internet, and etc. all at the same time.

A. Configuring Speakers

(The following instructions use Windows 7 as the example operating system.)

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **HD Audio Manager** icon **will** appear in the notification area. Double-click the icon to access the **HD Audio Manager**.

🧄 🌗 🐂 🕪



(Note) 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio Configurations:

Refer to the following for multi-channel speaker configurations.

- 2-channel audio: Headphone or Line out.
- · 4-channel audio: Front speaker out and Side speaker out.
- 5.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Side speaker out, and Center/Subwoofer speaker out.
- 7.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, Center/Subwoofer speaker out, and Side speaker out.

Step 2:

Connect an audio device to an audio jack. The **The current connected device is** dialog box appears. Select the device according to the type of device you connect. Then click **OK**.

Step 3:

On the **Speakers** screen, click the **Speaker Configuration** tab. In the **Speaker Configuration** list, select **Stereo**, **Quadraphonic**, **5.1 Speaker**, or **7.1 Speaker** according to the type of speaker configuration you wish to set up. Then the speaker setup is completed.

Control (Control)



B. Configuring Sound Effect

You may configure an audio environment on the Sound Effects tab.

C. Activating an AC'97 Front Panel Audio Module

If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, to activate the AC'97 functionality, click the tool icon on the **Speaker Configuration** tab. On the **Connector Settings** dialog box, select the **Disable front panel jack detection** check box. Click **OK** to complete.





D. Muting the Back Panel Audio (For HD Audio Only)

Click Device advanced settings on the top right corner on the Speaker Configuration tab to open the Device advanced settings dialog box. Select the Mute the rear output device, when a front headphone plugged in check box. Click OK to complete.

Planhack Dev	ke
Mue the i	ear output device, when a front headphone plugged in.
O Make from simultaneo	t and rear output devices playback two different audio streams sudy.
Recording De	vice
O Tie up san	te type of input jacks, i.e. line-in or microphone, as an input device.
O Separate	all input jacks as independent input devices.



- 99 -

5-2-2 Configuring S/PDIF Out

The S/PDIF Out jack can transmit audio signals to an external decoder for decoding to get the best audio quality.

1. Connecting a S/PDIF Out Cable:

Connect a S/PDIF optical cable to the corresponding S/PDIF out connector as shown below and an external decoder for transmitting the S/PDIF digital audio signals.



Connects to a S/PDIF optical cable

2. Configuring S/PDIF Out:

On the **Digital Output(Optical)** screen ^(Note), click the **Default Format** tab and then select the sample rate and bit depth. Click **OK** to complete.

The other (Detra)		Device advances actings
Mais Volume L	Set Default	ANALOG Back Panel
Sound Effects Default Format		
Default Format		Front Panel
16 Bits, 48000 Hz (DID Quality)	• 8	
36 Bits, 4400 Hz (CD Quality) Bit Bits, 4000 Hz (CD Quality) 36 Bits, 5000 Hz (Studio Quality) 36 Bits, 53000 Hz (Studio Quality) 24 Bits, 4400 Hz (Studio Quality)		۲
24 Bits, 4100 Hz (Stade Quelly) 24 Bits, 4000 Hz (Stade Quelly) 24 Bits, 56000 Hz (Stade Quelly) 24 Bits, 15200 Hz (Stade Quells) Doby Datalijane (Stade Quells)		
		49

(Note) Enter the Digital Output(Optical) screen to configure further settings if you use the S/PDIF Out connector(s) on the back panel for digital audio output or enter the Digital Output screen if you use the internal S/PDIF Out connector (SPDIF_O) for digital audio output.

Appendix

5-2-3 Enabling the Dolby Home Theater Function



Before Dolby Home Theater is enabled, you get only 2-channel playback output (from the front speakers) when playing 2-channel stereo sources. You must play 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel content to get 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel audio effects. With Dolby Home Theater enabled, 2-channel stereo content will be transformed into multi-channel audio, creating a virtual surround sound environment.

Step 1:

The Dolby Home Theater icon will appear in the notification area. Click the icon to access the Dolby Home Theater.



Step 2:

Click the Customize button on the Dolby Home Theater panel to open advanced settings.



5-2-4 Configuring Microphone Recording

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **HD Audio Manager** icon **d** will appear in the notification area. Double-click the icon to access the **HD Audio Manager**.





Step 2:

Connect your microphone to the Mic in jack (pink) on the back panel or the Mic in jack (pink) on the front panel. Then configure the jack for microphone functionality.

Note: The microphone functions on the front panel and back panel cannot be used at the same time.

Digital Output(Debus)	settings
Main Volume	
e current connected device is :	
Nhich denies dd yeu plug in?	
Une In Vinic In Pressbore	
Print Speaker Out	Front Panel
Rear Speaker Out	
Side Speaker Cut	
Brable auto popus dialog, when device has been plugged in	DIGITAL
	4
GIGABYTE	

Step 3:

Go to the **Microphone** screen. Do not mute the recording volume, or you'll not be able to record the sound. To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process, do not mute the playback volume. It is recommended that you set the volumes at a middle level.



Step 4:

To raise the recording and playback volume for the microphone, click the **Microphone Boost** icon **m** on the right of the **Recording Volume** slider and set the Microphone Boost level.

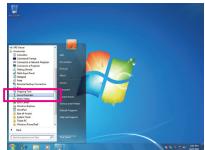


Appendix

(i) Microphone Bo

Step 5:

After completing the settings above, click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **Accessories**, and then click **Sound Recorder** to begin the sound recording.



* Enabling Stereo Mix

If the HD Audio Manager does not display the recording device you wish to use, refer to the steps below. The following steps explain how to enable Stereo Mix (which may be needed when you want to record sound from your computer).

Step 1:

Locate the \blacksquare icon in the notification area and rightclick on this icon. Select **Recording Devices**.

🍡 🧞 📣 🙀 🚸

11:35 AM

10/6/2011



Step 2:

On the **Recording** tab, right-click on an empty space and select **Show Disabled Devices**.





Step 3:

When the **Stereo Mix** item appears, right-click on this item and select **Enable**. Then set it as the default device.

Step 4:

Now you can access the HD Audio Manager to configure Stereo Mix and use Sound Recorder to record the sound.



5-2-5 Using the Sound Recorder



A. Recording Sound

- 1. Make sure you have connected the sound input device (e.g. microphone) to the computer.
- 2. To record the audio, click the Start Recording button Start Recording.
- 3. To stop recording audio, click the Stop Recording button . Stop Recording.

Be sure to save the recorded audio file upon completion.

B. Playing the Recorded Sound

You can play your recording in a digital media player program that supports your audio file format.

5-3 Troubleshooting

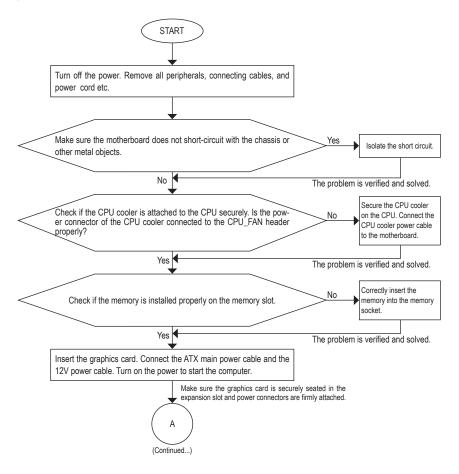
5-3-1 Frequently Asked Questions

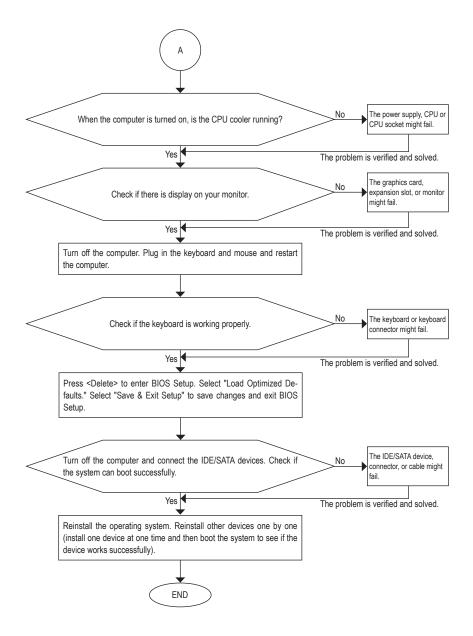
To read more FAQs for your motherboard, please go to the **Support & Downloads\FAQ** page on GIGABYTE's website.

- Q: In the BIOS Setup program, why are some BIOS options missing?
- A: Some advanced options are hidden in the BIOS Setup program. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In the Main Menu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to show the advanced options.
- Q: Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after the computer shuts down?
- A: Some motherboards provide a small amount of standby power after the computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.
- Q: How do I clear the CMOS values?
- A: For motherboards that have a Clear CMOS button, press this button to clear the CMOS values (before doing this, please turn off the computer and unplug the power cord). For motherboards that have a Clear CMOS jumper, refer to the instructions on the CLR_CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 to short the jumper to clear the CMOS values. If your board doesn't have this jumper, refer to the instructions on the motherboard battery in Chapter 1. You can temporarily remove the battery from the battery holder to stop supplying power to the CMOS, which will clear the CMOS values after about one minute.
- Q: Why do I still get a weak sound even though I have turned my speaker to the maximum volume?
- A: Make sure your speaker is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, try a speaker with power/amplifier.
- Q: Why cannot I install the onboard HD audio driver successfully? (For Windows XP only)
- A: Step 1: First, make sure Service Pack 1 or Service Pack 2 has been installed (check in My Computer > Properties > General > System). If not, please update it from Microsoft's website. Then make sure the Microsoft UAA Bus Driver for High Definition Audio has been installed successfully (check in My Computer > Properties > Hardware > Device Manager > System Devices).
 - Step 2: Check if Audio Device on High Definition Audio Bus or Unknown device is present in Device Manager or Sound, video, and game controllers. If yes, please disable this device. (If not, skip this step.)
 - Step 3: Then go back to My Computer > Properties > Hardware > Device Manager > System devices and right-click on Microsoft UAA Bus Driver for High Definition Audio and select Disable and Uninstall.
 - Step 4: In Device Manager, right-click on the computer name and select Scan for hardware changes. When the Add New Hardware Wizard appears, click Cancel. Then install the onboard HD audio driver from the motherboard driver disk or download the audio driver from GIGABYTE's website to install.
 - For more details, go to the Support & Downloads\FAQ page on our website and search for "onboard HD audio driver."

5-3-2 Troubleshooting Procedure

If you encounter any troubles during system startup, follow the troubleshooting procedure below to solve the problem.







If the procedure above is unable to solve your problem, contact the place of purchase or local dealer for help. Or go to the **Support & Downloads\Technical Support** page to submit your question. Our customer service staff will reply you as soon as possible.

5-3-3 Regulatory Statements

Regulatory Notices

This document must not be copied without our written permission, and the contents there of must not be imparted to a third party nor be used for any unauthorized purpose. Contravention will be prosecuted. We believe that the information contained herein was accurate in all respects at the time of printing. GIGABYTE cannot, however, assume any responsibility for errors or omissions in this text. Also note that the information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by GIGABYTE.

Our Commitment to Preserving the Environment

In addition to high-efficiency performance, all GIGABYTE motherboards fulfill European Union regulations for RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) environmental directives, as well as most major worldwide safety requirements. To prevent releases of harmful substances into the environment and to maximize the use of our natural resources, GIGABYTE provides the following information on how you can responsibly recycle or reuse most of the materials in your "end of life" product.

Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE products have not intended to add and safe from hazardous substances (Cd, Pb, Hg, Cr+6, PBDE and PBB). The parts and components have been carefully selected to meet RoHS requirement. Moreover, we at GIGABYTE are continuing our efforts to develop products that do not use internationally banned toxic chemicals.

Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE will fulfill the national laws as interpreted from the 2002/96/EC WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive. The WEEE Directive specifies the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal of electric and electronic devices and their components. Under the Directive, used equipment must be marked, collected separately, and disposed of properly.

WEEE Symbol Statement



The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment

for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.

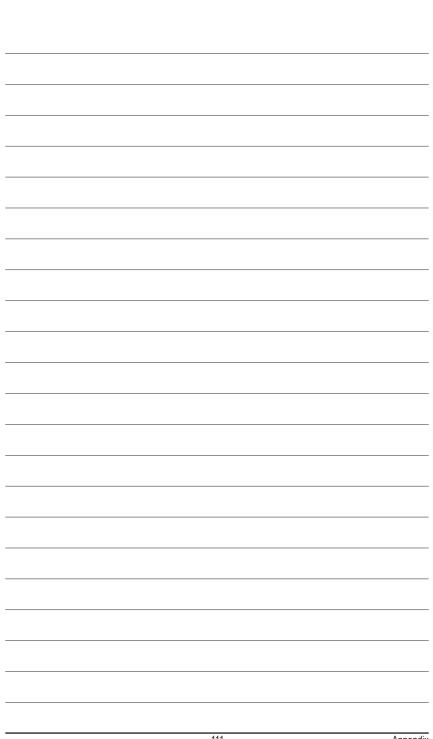
- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.



Appendix

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Appendix

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WEB address (English): http://www.gigabyte.com
WEB address (Chinese): http://www.gigabyte.tw
• G.B.T. INC U.S.A.
TEL: +1-626-854-9338
FAX: +1-626-854-9339
Tech. Support: http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw
Warranty Info: http://rma.gigabyte.us
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Web address: http://latam.giga-byte.com
Giga-Byte SINGAPORE PTE. LTD Singapore
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WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.au

G.B.T. TECHNOLOGY TRADING GMBH - Germany	Hungary
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Giga-Byte Technology B.V The Netherlands	Russia
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.nl	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.ru
GIGABYTE TECHNOLOGY FRANCE - France	Poland
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.fr	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.pl
Sweden	Ukraine
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.se	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.ua
Italy	Romania
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.it	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.ro
Spain	Serbia
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.es	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.co.rs
Greece	Kazakhstan
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.gr	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.kz
Czech Republic	You may go to the GIGABYTE website, select your language
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.cz	in the language list on the top right corner of the website.

GIGABYTE Global Service System



To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/Marketing) question, please link to: http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw Then select your language to enter the system.